

USAGE SCENARIOS

D1.2: Usage Scenarios for validating low-medium and high range charging system

Date: 29/01/2021 Authors: J. Giménez - A. López – C. Soriano



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No [875187]



Deliverable details

Project number	Project acronym	Project title
875187	USER-CHI	innovative solutions for USER centric CHarging Infrastructure

Title	WP	Version
Usage Scenarios for validating low-medium and high range charging system	1	1.0

Contractual delivery date	Actual delivery date	Delivery type*
31/01/2021	29/01/2021	R

*Delivery type: **R**: Document, report; **DEM**: Demonstrator, pilot, prototype; **DEC**: Websites, patent fillings, videos, etc; **OTHER**; **ETHICS**: Ethics requirement; **ORDP**: Open Research Data Pilot.

Author(s)	Organisation
Juan F. Giménez	IBV
Amparo López	IBV
Carol Soriano	IBV



Document history

Version	Date	Person	Action	Status*	Dissemination level**
V0.1	11/01/21	J. Giménez	Version to peer review	Draft	СО
V0.2	21/01/2021	Lars Balzer (Qwello)	Peer Review	Draft	СО
V0.3	21/01/2021	J. Mercado & A. Freiberger (IKEM)	Peer Review	Draft	СО
V1.0	26/01/2021	J. Giménez	Updated version	Final	PU

*Status: Draft, Final, Approved, Submitted (to European Commission).

**Dissemination Level: PU: Public; CO: Confidential, only for members of the consortium (including the Commission Services); EU-RES Classified Information - restraint UE; EU-CON: Classified Information - confidential UE: EU-SEC: Classified Information - secret UE

Abstract

USER-CHI project includes the demonstration of its products in different European cities. Although most of these products are in its early development phase, the definition of Usage Scenarios is a powerful tool to support this development, as allow the project team to envisage real situations and scenarios where products will be employed. On the other hand, cities where products will be demonstrated, active members of the project consortium, must reveal their interests and expectations related to these demonstrations, in order to have win - win scenarios between the hosts (cities) and the companies that are on charge of product developments (product leaders), which have requirements to demonstrate their products' innovative features. The tasks performed by the project team to define the Usage Scenarios, that must be the initial sketches of the demonstration tests that will be deployed in the cities during the following months, are reported in this deliverable.

Keywords

Usage Scenario, end user, intermediate user, demonstration site, city, INSOC, CLICK, INDUCAR, SMAC, INCAR, USER-CHI product, pilot test, product card, product leader, bilateral meeting, workshop.



Copyright statement

4

The work described in this document has been conducted within the USER-CHI project. This document reflects only the USER-CHI Consortium view and the European Union is not responsible for any use that may be made of the information it contains.

This document and its content are the property of the USER-CHI Consortium. All rights relevant to this document are determined by the applicable laws. Access to this document does not grant any right or license on the document or its contents. This document or its contents are not to be used or treated in any manner inconsistent with the rights or interests of the USER-CHI Consortium or the Partners detriment and are not to be disclosed externally without prior written consent from the USER-CHI Partners.

Each USER-CHI Partner may use this document in conformity with the USER-CHI Consortium Grant Agreement provisions.





Table of contents

1.	Introduction	9
2.	The bilateral meetings	.11
2.1	Product leader's requirements	12
2.2	Cities' interests	20
3.	Workshops with cities	.27
3.1	Proposed Usage Scenarios for Barcelona (AMB)	28
3.2	Proposed Usage Scenarios for Berlin (BER)	33
3.3	Proposed Usage Scenarios for Turku (TUR)	35
3.4	Proposed Usage Scenarios for Rome (RSM)	40
3.5	Proposed Usage Scenarios for Budapest (BUD)	43
4.	Results: updated Usage Scenarios	.47
4.1	AMB's Usage Scenarios (1-4)	48
4.2	BER's Usage Scenarios (5-6)	51
4.3	TUR's Usage Scenarios (7-10)	53
4.4	RSM's Usage Scenarios (11-14)	58
4.5	BUD's Usage Scenarios (15-18)	61
5.	Conclusions	.66
Acror	ıyms	.67
Rofor	ences	68





List of figures

Figure 1: Products to demonstrate in USER-CHI demo sites	
Figure 2: CLICK product card for RSM	
Figure 3: INDUCAR product card for AMB	14
Figure 4: INSOC product card for TUR	15
Figure 5: INCAR product card for BER	
Figure 6: SMAC product card for BUD	
Figure 7: Facts for demo presented by AMB	20
Figure 8: General approach presented by RSM	22
Figure 9: Facts for demo presented by BER	24
Figure 10: Facts for demo presented by BUD	25
Figure 11: Elements to consider when generating scenarios	27
Figure 12: Initial Usage Scenarios description for AMB	
Figure 13: Initial Usage Scenario description for BER	
Figure 14: Initial Usage Scenario description for TUR	
Figure 15: Initial Usage Scenario description for RSM	40
Figure 16: Initial Usage Scenario description for BUD	43
Figure 17: Common reference for USER-CHI Usage Scenarios ^o	47



List of tables

Table 1: Initial description of demonstration facilities for CLICK, INCAR, SMAC and INDUCA AMB	
Table 2: Initial description of demonstration facilities for CLICK, INCAR, SMAC and INSO Rome	
Table 3: Demonstration scenarios proposed by TUR's team	23
Table 4: Demonstration scenarios proposed by BER's team	25
Table 5: Demo case objectives&barriers	26
Table 6: Proposed Usage Scenario for INCAR in AMB	29
Table 7: Proposed Usage Scenario for SMAC in AMB	30
Table 8: Proposed Usage Scenario for INDUCAR in AMB	31
Table 9: Proposed Usage Scenario for INSOC in AMB	32
Table 10: Proposed Usage Scenario for CLICK in AMB	33
Table 11: Proposed Usage Scenario for INCAR in BER	34
Table 12: Proposed Usage Scenario for CLICK in BER	35
Table 13: Proposed Usage Scenarios for CLICK in TUR	37
Table 14: Proposed Usage Scenario for INSOC in TUR	37
Table 15: Proposed Usage Scenario for SMAC in TUR	38
Table 16: Proposed Usage Scenario for INCAR (short range) in TUR	39
Table 17: Proposed Usage Scenario for INCAR (long range) in TUR	39
Table 18: Proposed Usage Scenario for CLICK in RSM	41
Table 19: Proposed Usage Scenario for INSOC in RSM	41
Table 20: Proposed Usage Scenario for SMAC in RSM	42
Table 21: Proposed Usage Scenario for INCAR long range in RSM	43



Table 22: Proposed Usage Scenario for CLICK in BUD	44
Table 23: Proposed Usage Scenario for INSOC in BUD	
Table 24: Proposed Usage Scenario for SMAC in BUD	45
Table 25: Proposed Usage Scenario for INCAR short range in BUD	
Table 26: Proposed Usage Scenario for INCAR long range in BUD	
Table 27: Usage Scenario 1. INCAR&SCMAC demonstration in AMB	
Table 28: Usage Scenario 2. INDUCAR demonstration in AMB	
Table 29: Usage Scenario 3. INSOC demonstration in AMB	
Table 30: Usage Scenario 4. CLICK demonstration in AMB	51
Table 31: Usage Scenario 5. INCAR demonstration in BER	
Table 32: Usage Scenario 6. CLICK demonstration in BER	53
Table 33: Usage Scenario 7. CLICK demonstration in TUR	
Table 34: Usage Scenario 8. INSOC demonstration in TUR	54
Table 35: Usage Scenario 9. SMAC demonstration in TUR	
Table 36: Usage Scenario 10. INCAR demonstration in TUR	
Table 37: Usage Scenario 11. CLICK demonstration in RSM	
Table 38: Usage Scenario 12. INSOC demonstration in RSM	
Table 39: Usage Scenario 13. SMAC demonstration in RSM	
Table 40: Usage Scenario 14. INCAR demonstration in RSM	60
Table 41: Usage Scenario 15. CLICK demonstration in BUD	62
Table 42: Usage Scenario 16. INSOC demonstration in BUD	62
Table 43: Usage Scenario 17. SMAC demonstration in BUD	63
Table 44: Usage Scenario 18. INCAR demonstration in BUD	63

.



1.Introduction

Usage Scenarios are feasible situations that can be created in the USER-CHI demonstration sites, with the aim of proving project products' innovative features. These scenarios must accomplish cities interests and product leaders' requirements to demonstrate USER-CHI products.

The use of USER-CHI products must be demonstrated under real conditions, in a controlled environment. To accomplish these demonstration requirements, we need to generate scenarios that facilitate the test of the products by certain user's profiles, in facilities located in the project demonstration sites. These scenarios, that we refer to as Usage Scenarios, are consequently characterised by three main attributes: a USER-CHI product, one or several user profiles and a physical location or facility.

Regarding locations and facilities, Usage Scenarios must be deployed in the demo sites of the USER-CHI project, which are five cities: Barcelona (AMB), Berlin (BER), Budapest (BUD), Rome (RSM), and Turku (TUR). Therefore, the cities must be involved in the definition of Usage Scenarios, as these scenarios have to be achievable for them, and meet their interests and expectations in terms of electromobility promotion and implementation within their area of influence.

On the other hand, USER-CHI products are being defined and developed by some companies (project partners), which are the product leaders. These companies require that certain user's profiles test their products in a way that their main innovative features can be demonstrated. In this sense, the Usage Scenarios must be realistic scenarios to be deployed in a city, where products can be properly demonstrated.

For these reasons the Usage Scenarios must describe situations which include the use of a USER-CHI product by a user profile in a physical location, that permits the demonstration of the main innovations related to the product, and are achievable and interesting for the cities which will host the project's tests.

In this document the procedure followed to define USER-CHI's Usage Scenarios is reported. As a starting up task VMZ, the demonstration leader of USER-CHI project, organised bilateral meetings between cities and product leaders, in order to expose and compare the cities interests and the products requirements for the demonstration phase.



The results achieved in these five bilateral meeting (one per city demo site), combined with the information included in the DOA document of USER-CHI project and the product cards¹, was the starting point for IBV to generate a draft version of the Usage Scenarios. On the basis of this working versions, five dedicated workshops between cities and product leaders were performed with the aim of discussing and determining the main aspects of the Usage Scenarios. As a result of these workshops, Proposed Usage Scenarios were generated for each city, that were internally reviewed by each demonstration site's working group. The updated version of the Usage Scenarios, mainly addressed by the last updates coming from USER-CHI products definition.

Finally, the Usage Scenarios presented in the following sections are not locked scenarios, and they will most likely evolve at the same time that USER-CHI products are more and more defined. But we consider that its generation has been a very profitable exercise for cities, to think about not only in their expectations and interest during the demonstration phase of the project but also in all the required effort to execute the tests in their facilities. In addition, during this task product leaders envisaged real validation scenarios, that helped them to better Identify their products' key features, and to find a way to demonstrate its main innovations in the complex electromobility ecosystem.

¹ A template where the main USER-CHI product features were described by the product leaders. These documents are properly introduced at the beginning of Section 2.



2. The bilateral meetings

Between the 2nd of November 2020 and the 9th of November 2020 VMZ, as demonstration leader, organised bilateral coordination meetings between the demonstration cities (AMB, BER, BUD, RSM and TUR), and the USER-CHI product leaders. The main aim of these meetings was to take the first steps in the definition of the pilot tests, by generating scenarios where products could be tested. To achieve this aim, we performed bilateral meetings in which product leaders exposed their needs in terms of product demonstration, and cities presented their interests and possibilities to supply an adequate testing environment.

The products and the companies (product leaders) involved in the USER-CHI demonstration tests are (Figure 1):

- CLICK (Charging Location and hollstiC planning Kit), developed by VMZ.
- INCAR (INteroperability, Charging and paRking platform), developed by ETRA.
- SMAC (SMArt Charging tool), developed by ETRA.
- INSOC (INtegrated SOlar dc-Charging for levs), developed by ENELX.
- INDUCAR (INDUctive Charging for e-cARs), developed by IPT.

BARCELONA BERLIN BUDAPEST ROME TURKU P1: CLICK - CHARGING LOCATION AND HOUSTIC PLANNING KIT P2: CLICK - CHARGING LOCATION AND HOUSTIC PLANNING KIT P2: CLICK - CHARGING KIT P2: CLICK - CHARGING LOCATION AND HOUSTIC PLANNING KIT P2: CLICK - CHARGING LOCATION AND HOUSTIC PLANNING KIT P2: CLICK - CHARGING LOCATION AND HOUSTIC PLANNING KIT P2: CLICK - CHARGING KIT P3: EMOBEST - E-MOBILITY REPLICATION AND BEST PRACTICES CLUSTER P3: EMOBEST - E-MOBILITY REPLICATION AND BEST PRACTICES CLUSTER P4: INFRA - INTEROPERABILITY FRAMEWORK P5: INCAR - INTEROPERABILITY, CHARGING AND PARKING PLATFORM P5: INCAR - INTEROPERABILITY, CHARGING TOOL P6: SMAC - SMART CHARGING TOOL V2G DEMAND MANAGEMENT V2G STORAGE SYSTEMS ULTRAFAST CHARGING ULTRAFAST CHARGING ULTRAFAST CHARGING P7: INSOC INTEGRATED SOLAR INDUCTIVE CHARGING FOR LEVS P7: INSOC - Integrated Solar DC-Charging for LEVS P8: INDUCAR - INDUCAR - INDUCTIVE CHARGING FOR E-CARS P7: INSOC - Integrated Solar DC-Charging for LEVS

Figure 1: Products to demonstrate in USER-CHI demo sites

Figure 1 presents the demonstration cities where USER-CHI products will be tested, according to the DoA document. These products are still in their development process, what involves that they were not completely defined at the moment we performed the bilateral meetings. With the aim of facilitating the level of common understanding of product features by cities' personnel, product leaders were asked to fulfil a template, where the main product features where presented. These templates (named as product cards), generated for each product in each demo



USER-CH

site, included the main technical objectives of the product leaders. They were sent to cities before the meeting, in order they could present their vision regarding the demonstration requirements within their facilities.

Figure 2: CLICK product card for RSM

Product name		CLICK Platform			
Associated products	-	0000000 - 2010 0000000000000000000000000			
ROME	D	Demo area Demo partners			
5	City wide	Leader: mobilitâ ROMA Project partners: tbc demo site External partners: tbc demo			
Objectives o Technical objectives		use question-and-answer online tool for the top-down arging infrastructure, which purpose is to optimise the			
	 CLICK will be deployed as cities. With a tutorial and webir will be given on how to h results. The pilot cities will run th recommendations for the 	new charging infrastructure in cities and TEN-T corridors s a web service and access will be provided to all pilot nars developed for the usage of CLICK, an introduction nandle the software frontend in order to get the desired hrough the planning process and will be provided with eir charging infrastructure development. housing company) will be involved to test the results for			
Social objectives	- The aim of CLICK is to imp	prove and ease the planning process for charging y delivering a toolset for the top-down-planning.			
	Urban pl	lanner (city administration emp.) <mark>tbc demo site</mark>			
End users					

		(Data source, format)
Products perspective	 PC with internet connection to reach CLICK Website 	Current plan: Digital nets (e.g. street network, city boundaries) City objectives (e.g. goals regarding charging infrastructure deployment) City base data (e.g. #inhabitants, area) City structure data (districts, statistica areas) City areas usage data (POIs, special areas e.g. airports,) Historical charging station usage data Traffic model Online Interfaces to charging station backend systems to retrieve charging station usage data for online monitoring
Demo sites perspective	Toc demo site	The demo site

2/2

2.1 Product leader's requirements

At this stage of the project, product leaders' requirements regarding demonstration activities were collected in the product cards. These cards, coordinated by the project leader (ETRA), are presented in the following sections.



2.1.1 CLICK product card

VMZ&ETRA prepared the CLICK product cards for each city. Figure 2 shows the card sent to RSM working group, in order they could review and modify those parts highlighted in yellow spot. Similar cards were prepared for BER, BUD, RSM and TUR.

As stated in the product card presented in Figure 2, CLICK will be an easy to use question-andanswer online tool for the top-down location planning for charging infrastructure, which purpose is to optimise the location and planning of new charging infrastructure in cities and TEN-T corridors. Regarding the main technical objectives of CLICK, we find the following:

- CLICK will be deployed as a web service and access will be provided to all pilot cities.
- With a tutorial and webinars developed for the usage of CLICK, an introduction will be given on how to handle the software frontend in order to get the desired results.
- The pilot cities will run through the planning process and will be provided with recommendations for their charging infrastructure development.
- Special user groups (e.g. housing company) will be involved to test the results for their planning purposes.

Related on social objectives, CLICK aims to improve and ease the planning process for charging infrastructure in cities by delivering a toolset for the top-down-planning.

2.1.2 INDUCAR product card

IPT&ETRA prepared the product card for INDUCAR (Figure 3), a product that only is going to be tested in AMB. This card was sent to AMB working group, in order they could review and modify those parts highlighted in yellow.

Regarding the technical objectives of INDUCAR, the product card included:

- Development of an inductive charge system for personal electric vehicles.
- Inductive charge system components agnostic to any type of EV used in private sphere or in fleet operation.
- Equipment to be installed for the demo in the existing fleet of EV in operation at the offices of the AMB
- The system provides automatic charging with all safety features inside needed to allow inductive system to be used: Metal Object Detection (MOD), Foreign Object Detection (FOD) and Electro Magnetic Compatibility (EMC).
- The system provides position information to allow the correct parking of the EV for the automatic charging with a mobile APP form.

On the other hand, the social objectives identified by the product leader are:

- The user will be able to charge its vehicle without connecting a cable just by parking on the correct spot
- The user will be able to be guided to the correct position once he approaches the inductive spot through an App.



USER-CH

• The user will experience a full automatic charging system allowing an EV to always be available to drive.

Figure 3: INDUCAR product card for AMB

Product nam	e	INDUC	CAR
Associated products	INCAR		
BARCELONA		Demo area	Demo partners
		Tbc demo site	Leader: AMB Project partners: External partners: thc demo stre
Objectives Technical Objectives	- Inductive cha	of an inductive charge system	n for personal electric vehicles. stic to any type of EV used in private
	 Equipment to the offices of The system pi allow inductiv The system pi 	be installed for the demo in the AMB rovides automatic charging w ve system to be used (MOD, F	to allow the correct parking of the EV
Social Objectives	parking on th - The user will inductive spo - The user will	The user will be able to charge its vehicle without connecting a cable just by parking on the correct spot The user will be able to be guided to the correct position once he approaches the inductive spot through an App. The user will experience a full automatic charging system allowing an EV to always be available to drive.	
		Tbc demo sit	

USER-CHI – Product care	ts – BARCELONA Demo site	CHARGING FOUR C HURLINY FEITURY
Product perspective	 Charger component installed in the EV receiving and transforming the magnetic field provided with the safety features inside (MOD, FOD and EMC necessary components). Rectifier installed inside the EV transforming the energy obtained through the receiver and delivering into the battery. Charger component installed on the parking position as emitter of energy under the form of an electromagnetic field. RBCI component reading the information of the Battery Management System (BMS) or the Vehicle Control Unit (VCU) 	
Demo site perspective	T <u>bc.demo site</u>	Tbc demo site

1/2

2/2

Finally, the technical components of the required facilities to test INDUCAR are also listed in the product card:

- Charger component installed in the EV receiving and transforming the magnetic field provided with the safety features inside (MOD, FOD and EMC necessary components).
- Rectifier installed inside the EV transforming the energy obtained through the receiver and delivering into the battery.
- Charger component installed on the parking position as emitter of energy under the form of an electromagnetic field.
- RBCI component reading the information of the Battery Management System (BMS) or the Vehicle Control Unit (VCU)



2.1.3 INSOC product card

ETRA prepared the product card for INSOC. Figure 4 shows the card sent to TUR working group, in order they could review and modify those parts highlighted in yellow spot. Similar cards were prepared for AMB, BUD and RSM.

Figure 4: INSOC product card for TUR

	s – TURKU Demo site			Product	- Availability of space (ie permits,
Product name Associated products	INCAR	INSOC		perspective	licenses) - Access to the electrical network or connection to public infrastructure (ie street lighting)
•					 Renewable energy installation in cities permits
TURKU	Der Tbc demo sit	mo area	Demo partners		
			External partners: tbc demo	Demo site perspective	The domo site
Objectives o	f the product:				
objectives	convenient for new urban r	low DC charging c payment and billi mobility modes, s	onnection ng services, making it especially		
Social objectives	sharing service of electric b	oikes, e-scooters mage the differen	wn light electric vehicle or use a new t services (reservation, guiding,		
End users	Priva	Tbc demo site ate users, sharing	service		
	rastructure	Det	availability		

1/2

Regarding the technical objectives of INSOC, the product card included:

- Development of a charging station for LEVs (e-bikes, e-scooters). •
- The charging station will integrate on-site renewable energy production •
- The charging station will allow DC charging connection
- The solution will integrate payment and billing services, making it especially convenient for new urban mobility modes, such as sharing services.



• The solution will allow the integration with other USER-CHI solutions (i.e. INCAR platform).

For social objectives the product card stated:

- The user will be able to park and charge its own light electric vehicle or use a new sharing service of electric bikes, e-scooters
- The user will be able to manage the different services (reservation, guiding, payment) through an APP.

On regard to technical requirements, the facilities to test INDUCAR includes:

- Availability of space (i.e. permits, licenses)
- Access to the electrical network or connection to public infrastructure (i.e. street lighting)
- Renewable energy installation in cities permits

2.1.4 INCAR product card

ETRA prepared the product card for INCAR. Figure 5 shows the card sent to BER working group, in order they could review and modify those parts highlighted in yellow spot. Similar cards were prepared for AMB, BUD, RSM and TUR.

Regarding the technical objectives of INCAR, the product card included:

- Development of a HUB to allow roaming and extra services to the CPOs management systems through OCPI 2.2 communication.
- Services offered in the hub: (Reservation, real-time information, smart charging features, secure accounting (blockchain), anonymous authentication (keycloack) and payment between CPOs.
- APP mobile development- as an INCAR platform service for mobile devices
- Dashboards for the city managers (real-time information of charging points, usage statistics)

Related to social objectives, the product card included:

- The user will be able to book a charging point with the USER-CHI app².
- The user will be able to manage the charge with the USER-CHI app.
- The user will be able to be guided to a charging point.
- The CPOs will be able to have a secure accounting of the transactions made from external users.

² Some legal constraints could be related to this action (book&charge), as it is not allowed or desired by some countries and cities



- The CPOs will be able to pay the other CPOs from the transactions of external users made in their charging points³.
- The services of the platform are available in all the charging points of the USER-CHI network

Finally, the technical components of the required facilities to test INCAR are also listed in the product card:

- Charging points
- Communication with CPO's and EMSP's management systems
- Communication through OCPI protocol

³ In ad-hoc charging cases the user pays directly to the ad-hoc CPO. In other charging modalities, payments are made through the EMSP, as this is the entity contracted by the user.

IICED_CUI



IIEED_CUI

Figure 5: INCAR product card for BER

Product name	roduct name INCAR Platform		Charaing points		(Data source, format)	
Associated products	INFRA SMAC			 Charging points Communication with CPO's and EMSP's management systems Communication through OCPI protocol 	-CPO's management systems - EMSP's management systems - OCPI 2.2	
BERLIN	Demo(s) area Tbc demo site	(s) Demo partners		protocol		
0		Leader: VICE VICE VICE VICE VICE VICE VICE V	Demo sites perspective	Tbc demo site	Tbc demo site	
	the product:	site				
Technical objectives	features, secure accounting (blockch and payment between CPOs. - APP mobile development- as an INC					
Social objectives	 The user will be able to book a charging point with the USER-CHI app The user will be able to manage the charge with the USER-CHI app The user will be able to be guided to a charging point. The CPOs will be able to have a secure accounting of the transactions made from external users. The CPOs will be able to pay the other CPOs from the transactions of external users made in their charging points. The services of the platform are available in all the charging points of the USER-CHI network 					
End users	Long range scenario (EV-private users) Tbc demo site	Low-medium range scenario (EV-private users, taxis, fleets, other specific group of users) The demo site				

2.1.5 SMAC product card

ETRA prepared the product card for SMAC. Figure 6 shows the card sent to BUD working group, in order they could review and modify those parts highlighted in yellow spot. Similar cards were prepared for AMB, BER, RSM and TUR.

For technical objectives the product card included:

- Development of a software tool which will calculate the optimal charging profile (amount of energy to provide) in the charging stations.
- In order to perform the optimal calculations, different smart charging inputs will be informed to SMAC (from CPOs, EV drivers, etc.).



- SMAC will offer smart charging services to charging stations connected to INCAR platform, so communications will be performed by means of OCPI 2.2.
- SMAC will inform the optimal charging profile to CPOs, but it is responsibility of CPOs to finally perform the smart charging operations.

Figure 6: SMAC product card for BUD

Product name SMAC Tool		Required infrastructure		Data availability (Data source, format)	
Associated products	INCAR		Products perspective	- Charging points - Communication with CPO's and EMSP's management systems	-CPO's management systems - EMSP's management systems - OCPI 2.2
	Demo(s) area(s)	Demo partners • Leader: BUDAPEST		- Communication through OCPI protocol	
5	f the product:	 Project partners: tbc demo site External partners: tbc demo site 	Demo sites perspective	The demo site	Tbc demo site
Technical objectives	 Development of a software tool which will calculate the optimal charging profile (amount of energy to provide) in the charging stations. In order to perform the optimal calculations, different smart charging inputs will be informed to SMAC (from CPOs, EV drivers, etc.). SMAC will offer smart charging services to charging stations connected to INCAR platform, so communications will be performed by means of OCPI 2.2. SMAC will inform the optimal charging profile to CPOs, but it is responsibility of CPOs to finally perform the smart charging operations. 				
Social objectives	 The CPOs will be able to manage the power The user will be able to provide his/her cha possible, as cheap as possible, etc.) 	rging preferences (charge as fast as			
End users		Low-medium range scenario vate users, taxis, fleets, other specific group of users) Tbc demo site			

1/2

2/2

On the other hand, for social objectives we had:

- The CPOs will be able to manage the power provided by their charging stations.
- The user will be able to provide his/her charging preferences (charge as fast as possible, as cheap as possible, etc.)

Finally, the required infrastructure to test this product includes:



- Charging points
- Communication with CPO's and EMSP's management systems
- Communication through OCPI protocol

2.2 Cities' interests

After receiving the detailed information about USER-CHI products contained in product cards, cities' working groups defined their interests and capabilities to tackle the pilot test. These interests were exposed and discussed in the bilateral meetings, which were participated by cities' teams⁴, the product leaders (VMZ, ETRA, IPT and ENELX), demonstration leader (VMZ), project leader (ETRA) and IBV (on charge of Usage Scenarios' definition).

2.2.1 Barcelona Metropolitan Area (AMB)

On Monday 2nd of November we performed the bilateral meeting with AMB, the partner which is on charge of the pilot test in Barcelona metropolitan area. Figure 7 presents the situation presented by AMB's team, related to existing resources and expected facilities in Barcelona to perform the demonstration tests.

Figure 7: Facts for demo presented by AMB

Basic facts for Demo		
This is the list of Basic facts to considered in Barcelona de	mo site:	
EV USAGE AND END USERS	EV cars and vans (AMB fleet)	
(from the most available to the less):	E-bikes (private and public)	
	E-Taxis	
	EV private cars	
	EV professional vans	
CHARGING INFRASTRUCTURE (existing):	10 quick public charging points in the street (AC/DC)	
	10 public charging points for e-bikes in the street	
	Normal charging points connected to a photovoltaic panel	
	Normal charging points in AMB parking offices	
CHARGING INFRASTRUCTURE	Inductive charging points (3 points) in AMB parking offices	
(to be implemented with USER-CHI resources):	Fast charging point or V2G charging point (optional)	
DEMO SITE:	Public space (public charging points)	
	AMB offices	

Table 1 summarizes the initial description of the demonstration facilities reported by AMB's team. They consider it to be feasible to test CLICK for planning the deployment of new charging infrastructure in the city, and use the available charging infrastructure to demonstrate innovating features of INCAR and SMAC. AMB is the unique location to test INDUCAR, and the scenario to

⁴ Each city's team attended one meeting, just the one dedicated to the pilot test to be performed in its city



demonstrate this product is the most elaborated. On the contrary, AMB's team require additional information to sketch a feasible demonstration scenario to test INSOC.

Table 1: Initial description of demonstration facilities for CLICK, INCAR, SMAC and INDUCAR in AMB

Charging location and holistic planning kit (CLICK) Interoperability, charging and parking platform (INCAR) in Barcelona demo site in Barcelona demo site Definition: CLICK will be an easy to use question-and-answer online tool for the top-down Definition: Development of a HUB to allow roaming and extra services to the CPOs management location planning for charging infrastructure. systems through OCPI 2.2 communication End users profile: AMB Mobility department, as metropolitan charging network planner and End users profile: EV private users of AMB charging network, EV drivers of AMB fleet, AMB developer officers. Taxi fleets, AMB service providers (with electric vans). USER-CHI Partners involved (WP2): ETRA, IBV, AMB, BUD, GEW, VMZ (leader), IKEM, EUR, RSM, USER-CHI Partners involved (WP3): ETRA (leader), IBV, AMB, BUD, GEW, VMZ, IKEM, EUR, RSM. FIT, ENEA, DSI, AXES, TUR, ENEL, TVT, CIR, QWI, CIT ENEA, DSI, AXES, IPT, TUR, ENEL, TVT, VASO, CIR, QWI Demo Site: AMB Mobility department is carry on an ambitious expansion project with more than Demo Site: The AMB charging network can provide the infrastructure and the management 40 quick chargers, 10 normal chargers with photovoltaic production and 30 normal chargers in order to spread electromobility around all the municipalities of Barcelona metropolis. CLICK tool system required to test INCAR could support this project to confirm charger localizations during 2021-2022. **INDUCAR:** Product description USER-CHI Smart charging tool (SMAC) Operational Concept Charging concept Processes and external stakeholders in Barcelona demo site AMB Fleet Recharge power level : 3,6 kW Demo high level require 3 Renault ZOE available and po Many d ers / Ra External companies with tendering proces • 2 Nissan Leaf still under dis Adaption of available offices parking • Definition: Development of a software tool which will calculate the optimal charging profile · 1 charging spot per converted car (amount of energy to provide) in the charging stations rsion taken into ad End users profile: EV private users of AMB charging network, EV drivers of AMB fleet, AMB officers, Taxi fleets, AMB service providers (with electric vans). USER-CHI Partners involved (WP4): ETRA (leader), AMB, BUD, GEW, IKEM, ENEA, DSI, AXES, TUR, ENEL, TVT, VASO, CIR, QWI Demo Site: The AMB charging network can provide the infrastructure and the management system required to test SMAC

2.2.2 City of Rome (RSM)

On Tuesday 3rd of November we performed the bilateral meeting with RSM, the coordinator of the pilot test in Rome area. This pilot test includes the participation of the following entities:

- RSM Rome Mobility Agency: Demo site coordinator. Represents the City of Rome, coordinates the deployment of the Electric Mobility Plan, coordinating local partners Manages the SUMP drafting and implementation.
- ENEL X: Charging Point Operator. Leading the investments on charging infrastructure and civil works needed for the demonstration activities of Rome and will provide the ground for one test site.
- ENEA: Supports the research and innovation aspects in the Pilot. Leading a task in WP4 about modelling EV batteries and charging solutions; will investigate possibilities for the usage of second-life batteries in stationary applications.
- DSI: Supports deployment of the pilot in Rome. Providing strategic vision and execution capacity, analysis of macro trends and needs.



USER-CI

Figure 8: General approach presented by RSM

USE CASE IN ROME – GENERAL OBJECTIVES

The proposal for Rome focuses on the design and implementation of an interoperable electric vehicle charging station model, integrated with specific services for the user (eg fitness, smartwork, shopping, bar, etc.)

The Hub will also be designed for integrated multi-source recharging (electrical grid, photovoltaic, storage of batteries), and testing of Vehicle to Grid



CHOICE OF THE DEMO AREA FOR THE PILOT SITE

The Rome cluster have met regularly to identify possible locations for the Smart charging station. Meetings with local stakeholders took place to investigate on the opportunity to consider different Public and Private areas:

- Public Areas have more «restrictions» and administrative issues to overcome
- Private areas could be not available h24/7 for the users.
- The Area must be integrated within the TEN-T corridor

During the panels with local stakeholders and experts have been analysed 10 potential locations. As for now two solutions are more likely to be implemented: one on a private area (north) and one on a public area in south part of the town.

Figure 8 shows the overall approach presented by RSM to tackle the demonstration tasks. The city is interested in defining and installing multi-purpose charging facilities. As shown in Table 2, RSM's team is considering two locations to test INCAR, SMAC and INSOC: Corso Francia charging station and Via Cristoforo Colombo charging station. Regarding CLICK, RSM is also interested in employing this tool to improve its charging network, and making it more adapted to user preferences. In addition, the city intends to use a local user data base in order to contact to contact end users interested in participating in the demonstration tests.

Table 2: Initial description of demonstration facilities for CLICK, INCAR, SMAC and INSOC in Rome

USER-CH		USER-0
ROME DEMO SITE	ROME DEMO SITE	
UPDATE DEMO CASE (1/2)	UPDATE DEMO CASE (2/2)	
 Corso Francia (Rome north area): the first charging station in Rome. It will be located in a private area with: Charging infrastructures (ultrafast and fast charging points). The possibility of installing photovoltaic panels is being considered Services for the users (parcel lockers, postal services, bar, smart working facilities, ENEL X shop, etc) 	 Via Cristoforo Colombo or EUR (Rome south area): the musuitable for a sustainable mobility hub, with: Car, scooter and bike sharing facilities Bike parking with maintenance services Smart working facilities Bar and services for users Mini hub for cargo bike Feasibility checks are underway for the choice of the site 	nicipality of Rome identified an area
	ROME BASIC DATA: THE USERS'SURVEY/E-	USER-C
Tool for Electric Mobility Plan (EMP)	Users participants	E-vehicles (1/1/2019)
This tool will support the actual web portal containing the desired electric	412 electric vehicle users registered on our website in the last 6 months	1,125 (+55% vs 2017)
charging points localization (User Driven approach)	Of these, only 165 clicked on the link to the form: the questionnaires fully completed for the preselection of the panel of interviewees were the following: • 12 electric motorcycle users	383 (+55% vs 2017)
Jp to now, through the portal, 46% of car owners, 56% of potential users have	 8 car users with more than 300 km 89 car users with 3-4 times use 	81 (-2% vs 2017)
expressed their preference (1,150 users)		



TURKU

BO

💼 💼 VASO

2.2.3 City of Turku (TUR)

On Tuesday 3rd of November we performed the bilateral meeting with TUR, the coordinator of the pilot test in Turku area, that also includes the participation of TVT, Vaso and Turku Energia. TUR's team presented an elaborated proposal of five demonstration scenarios, which are shown in Table 3.

The 1st demo presented in Table 3 were conceived to test CLICK. Additionally, the 2nd demo and the 3rd demo were scenarios suitable to demonstrate the innovations related to INSOC, as they included facilities designed to charge LEVs. Finally, 4th demo and 5th demo were scenarios to test INCAR and SMAC, as they included charging points for EVs with V2G capabilities and synergy systems.

URKU

BO

Table 3: Demonstration scenarios proposed by TUR's team



- Turku will create a city-wide masterplan for EV charging points and will demo the CLICK in this task. Important part for this is how the CLICK can visualise and take input from stakeholders.
- · We will co-operate in this with TVT, Vaso and Turku Energia
- In support of the masterplan, Turku will create marketing campaign for citizens of Turku in years 2021-2023
- At this point we are collecting information from current charging infrastructure and EV-user patterns and plans for future charging infrastructure
- At the end of the year 2020 we will have a good data from current charging points and future plans from the 3rd parties.
- Turku will also create 10 electrification plans for city owned properties as part
 of the USER-Chi project
- es as part USER-CHİ

2nd demo

2023

4th demo

3rd demo

- TVT will create a LEV and EV charging plan for Mäntymäki area
- Mäntymäki area will be built in next 10 years, construction is already started
- LEV charging will be built inside of the first building, demo will hopefully finish in end of 2021
- Modified charging boxes like in 2nd demo are considered to be built outside buildings and will be worked together with city.
- Charging points are built to be equal and suited for all LEV from ebikes to mobility scooters.



- Vaso will build charging points in Pääskyvuorenrinne housing area
- Vaso housing in Pääskyvuorenrinne will have a 76 new apartments

· Turku will demo a LEV charging boxes with PV installed with them

planning will start early 2021 and construction will happen in 2022-

· In Turku, boxes will be connected to grid and will most likely have a

· Demo sites locations are not decided at this moment, but the

solution for keeping LEVs safe from snow and ice in winter.

· This project will demo the INSOC product

- Charging spots will be built under the building in a parking hall
- Chargers are 22kW AC chargers
- Housing will incorporate solar energy and battery system with automated smart charging
 Project will demo the SMAC tool and will be worked with Turky Energia and
- Project will demo the SMAC tool and will be worked with Turku Energia and Huippuenergia
 The parking spots are in location that can't be made public, so the INCAR can't be implemented, this must be solved on requirements
- Charging points will be used by house residents



5th demo

TURKU ENERGIA

- Turku Energia will build a public charging points with V2G solutions in Kupittaa area
- Demo is still not approved as a project change and needs an approval before planning can start.
- When approved, final charging point will test INCAR app in these chargers.



2.2.4 City of Berlin (BER)

On Wednesday 4th of November we performed the bilateral meeting with BER. VMZ is the leader of this demonstration site, which also includes the participation of IKEM, Gewobag and Qwello. Figure 9 presents the situation presented by BER's team, related to existing resources and expected use cases in Berlin to perform the demonstration tests.

Figure 9: Facts for demo presented by BER

Basic facts for Demo

- EV-Usage: E-Cars
- Basic Use Case: Provision of "E-Park spots" at CP (Routing, Navigation Reserve, Payment)
- End Users profile: private: Gewobag residents, other private users; Professional: E-Car Sharing
 Providers
- Charging Infrastructure (Type: AC, DC)
- Partners involved (Gewobag, qwello, VMZ, other CPO or MSP)
- Exact Demo Site: tbc

Table 4 shows the demonstration scenarios proposed by BER. Demo Gewobag and Demo Qwello are adequate scenarios to test innovations related to INCAR and SMAC, as they involve reservation and payment for a charge. On the other side, it is still pendent to define a scenario to demonstrate CLICK innovations.



USER CHI Products for Berlin Pilot USER CHI Products required for Berlin Demo Implementation USER CHI Products required for Berlin D

Table 4: Demonstration scenarios proposed by BER's team

2.2.5 City of Budapest (BUD)

On Monday 9th of November we performed the bilateral meeting with BUD. Figure 10 presents the situation presented by BUD's team, describing the existing resources and expected facilities in Budapest to perform the demonstration tests.

Figure 10: Facts for demo presented by BUD

Basic facts for Budapest Demo

Citizens e-Mobility Stations with several user centric charging solutions integrated (e-carsharing, e-car charging, e-bike charging, cargo-bike charging, device charging),

Real-time information and citizens' awareness raising

End user profile: mainly private + professional (taxi and delivery vehicles)

 $\ensuremath{\text{DC-charging}}$ with on-site renewable energy sources (RES) + Implementation of ultrafast charging points

Partners: Public Road Operator, Electricity provider, Emobility Association

Demo site: locations under discussion, building on the **currently available mobility point network**



Choose one from here to reduce air pollution!

Table 5 summarizes the overall approach for demonstration presented by BUD's team. The available charging network in the city should be employed to demonstrate INCAR and SMAC. On the other hand, it is expected to install one or two INSOC charging stations, although it is not clear which is the user profile who is going to employ these facilities. Additionally, demonstration scenario for CLICK is still pendent.



Table 5: Demo case objectives&barriers

Budapest Demo Case

Setting up User-centric e-mobility point to concentrate services related to e-mobility and provide better utilization of public spaces

Main objective is creating more liveable and multifunctional public spaces where different e-mobility functions (such as e-car, e-scooter, e-bike chargers) and other services (tablet charger, public lighting with sensors, car sharing docking station) are available and complement (interoperability) each other in terms of a smart city system. We would like to develop urban e-mobility charging packages where we can provide real-life solutions for slow charging in densely populated areas in cities.

Background:

E-charging points in Budapest: <u>https://toltopont.eu/</u> E-mobility concept developed in 2017, legal background is complex, review needed Micromobility issue emerged **Mobility Point Network**

Barriers + Next steps

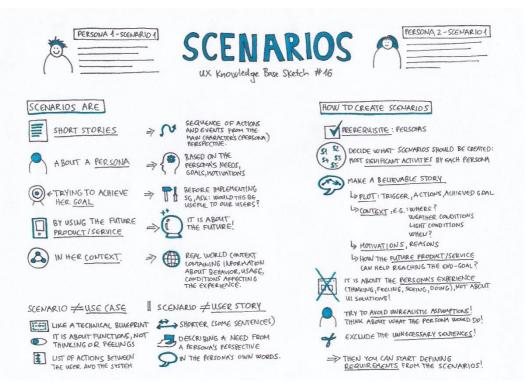
- Currently in Budapest there is no municipal e-bike sharing or e-scooter/motorbikes system
- Public space usage is managed on 2 levels: districts and Budapest Municipality
- Determine and address legal gaps of e-mobility (energy supply, parking, grid integration, RES, public space)
- Very complex stakeholder group
- Defining use-cases and end-users: charging service for e-cars, e-bikes, e-scooters mainly private and
 occasional professional users (taxi, cargo bike)
- Finding location for mobility points equiped with charging infrastructure (possibly a residential area / TEN-T route city section / P+R parking area)



3.Workshops with cities

Combining USER-CHI demonstration cities' interests with USER-CHI product leaders' requirements, IBV generated a proposal of scenarios (Figure 11: Elements to consider when generating scenarios) to demonstrate USER-CHI product in each city. These scenarios aimed to define the way the products were going to be employed in each city, in order to demonstrate their innovative features, what in practice involved the definition of Usage Scenarios. A Usage Scenario is a description of a way someone uses an existing product or system. It describes a real-world example of how one or more people or organizations interact with a system, and the steps, events, and actions which occur during the interaction [1],[2],[3].





These Usage Scenarios were described in a document that was sent to the cities and the product leaders. Each scenario is described according to three main parameters: Resources, User's sample and Objective. Regarding the User's sample, DoA document stablished a total amount of



100 users per city test⁵, so this is the initial reference although we intend to adapt this sample to the Usage Scenario we finally define for every USER-CHI product in each city. In order to have a better vision on what type of activities participants should perform to demonstrate the products, we generated User stories attached to each Usage Scenario. These User stories included not only the profile of the suitable user to take part in the tests, but also a description of the everyday activities related to the tests.

To facilitate profitable discussions between the product leaders and the cities' representatives, based on the proposal generated by IBV, we organised an online workshop with every city. The workshops were performed between 24th of November 2020 and 11th of December 2020. The initial version of Usage Scenarios was modified according to the discussion performed during the workshop, emerging the Proposed Usage Scenarios presented in the following sections.

3.1 Proposed Usage Scenarios for Barcelona (AMB)

On Tuesday 24th of November we performed the workshop with AMB's team. The workshop was leaded by IBV, with the participation of CLICK-INSOC-INDUCAR-INCAR&SMAC product leaders (VMZ-ENELX-IPT-ETRA).

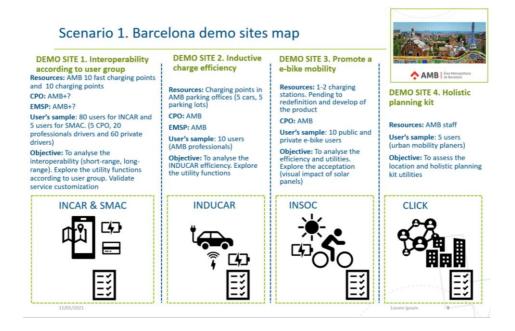


Figure 12: Initial Usage Scenarios description for AMB

 5 Table 4 of the DoA document: Methodologies for engaging end users in USER – CHI's products development



Figure 12 presents the initial description for the Usage Scenarios of USER-CHI products in Barcelona. There is a total number of four Usage Scenarios, conceived as demonstration sites to test four USER-CHI products: INCAR&SMAC, INDUCAR, INSOC and CLICK.

During the workshop, we discussed on every Usage Scenario presented in Figure 12, reviewing the available resources in the city to perform the tests, the suppliers of electromobility services (EMSPs) and charging point operators (CPOs) that would participate, what channels we could employ to contact the end users taking part in the tests, and the User stories. From this review and the later discussion, we generated the following proposed scenarios.

INCAR&SMAC

Table 6 shows the proposed Usage Scenario to demonstrate INCAR in AMB. This scenario is generated considering the use of the INCAR platform by professional e-drivers, that test the utilities of the app for booking and charging in AMB's network. The scenario also includes the access to AMB chargers with an account of another EMSP, preferably another USER-CHI partner.

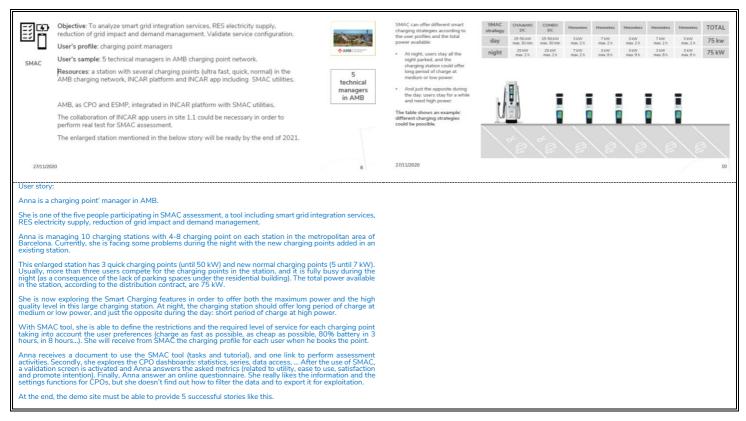
Table 6: Proposed Usage Scenario for INCAR in AMB





Regarding SMAC, Table 7 presents the proposed Usage Scenario for this product in Barcelona metropolitan area. This scenario is built around electromobility professionals, who employ SMAC on the INCAR platform to manage smart utilities of the charging network.

Table 7: Proposed Usage Scenario for SMAC in AMB



INDUCAR

Table 8 shows the proposed Usage Scenario to demonstrate INDUCAR in AMB. This scenario is generated considering the use of the INDUCAR platform by professionals, that employ adapted cars of AMB's fleet. The scenario also includes the installation of three inductive chargers in AMB's facilities.



Table 8: Proposed Usage Scenario for INDUCAR in AMB





User story:

Pau is a maintenance technician from AMB organization.

Every day he uses an electric vehicle of AMB fleet (usually a RENAULT ZOE) to perform maintenance tasks in the metropolitan area. He has been invited to participate in the INDUCAR demonstration by the USER-CHI project manager in AMB.

During the INDUCAR demonstration, he will use an inductive charge station based on: high level of automated power transfer, wireless charging systems, machine-to-machine (M2M) communication.

Pau receives a link with all the information related to INDUCAR. The vehicle has already been adapted for inductive charging.

Besides, he has a contact with the people of AMB that leads the INDUCAR demonstration. When he finishes the use of the INDUCAR system, he will call to him to perform an interview.

Twice a day for a three days period, Pau parks the car in the inductive charging point. When he takes the car, he registers the charged power, the delay time to charge start up, right car place on charging unit, easiness to right placement, the parking time, and his observations about the process.

After the use, Pau makes an appointment with the person in charge of the studio for a personal interview. Pau tells her his opinion and how has been the process of use.

Further, the hardware facilities, the software interface, the efficiency of the inductive charge and how much time takes the fully charge will be study with the collaboration of the AMB parking and fleet manager.

At the end, the demo site must be able to provide 10 successful stories like this.

INSOC

Table 9 presents the proposed Usage Scenario to demonstrate INSOC in AMB. This scenario is created around the idea of testing the solar charging station by private e- riders, selected from AMB users' data base. The scenario also includes the availability a theft-proof charging station for e-bikes, equipped with PV (photovoltaic) panels.

Table 9: Proposed Usage Scenario for INSOC in AMB



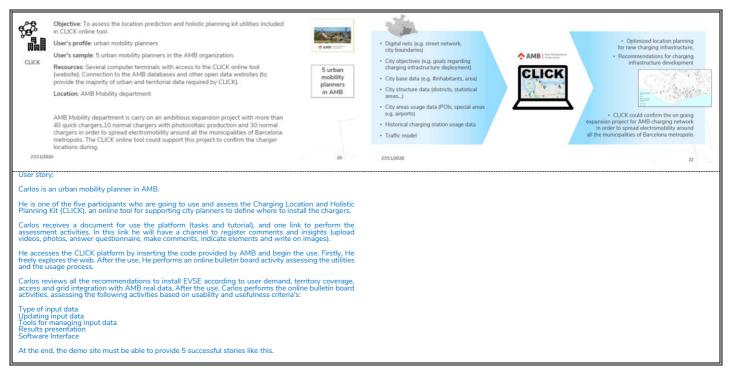
CLICK

Table 10 presents the proposed Usage Scenario to demonstrate CLICK in AMB. This scenario is created around the idea of testing CLICK by professionals, mainly urban mobility planners but



also other professional profiles related to electromobility or urban planning. It is expected that the users participating in the tests are city council's workers or municipality workers.

Table 10: Proposed Usage Scenario for CLICK in AMB

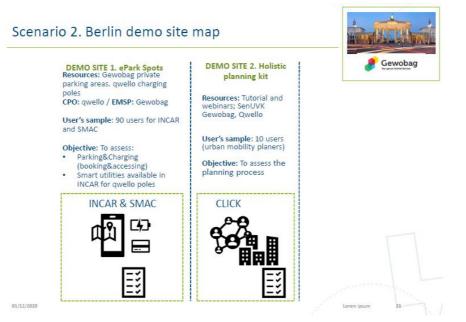


3.2 Proposed Usage Scenarios for Berlin (BER)

Berlin demonstration site is a consortium of entities where Berlin municipality is not represented. These entities (VMZ-Gewogab-Qwello) performed an internal workshop, taking as starting point the initial proposal generated by IBV, that included scenarios description and user stories. This initial proposal included the Usage Scenario description shown in Figure 13.

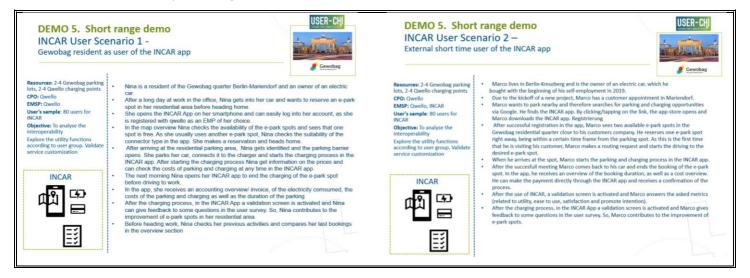


Figure 13: Initial Usage Scenario description for BER



The scenarios generated by BER's consortium were sent to IBV on 17th of December 2020. These scenarios are the Proposed Usage Scenarios presented in the following paragraphs.

Table 11: Proposed Usage Scenario for INCAR in BER



INCAR&SMAC

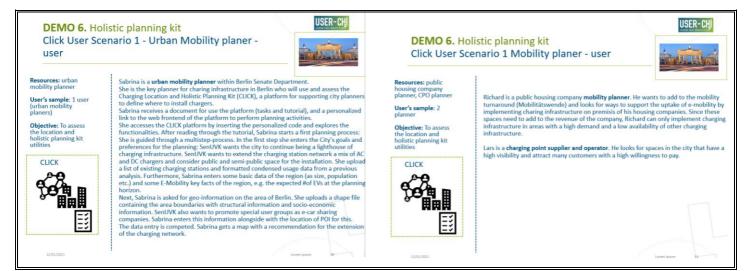
BER's team split in two the demonstration's scenarios for INCAR, according to two different user profiles: Gewobag resident and external short time user (Table 11). None of these scenarios included the demonstration of SMAC, so this Usage Scenarios was definition pending.



CLICK

Table 12 presents the proposed Usage Scenario to demonstrate CLICK in BER. This scenario is created around the idea of testing CLICK by three different professional profiles: an urban mobility planner, a public housing company planner and a CPO planner.

Table 12: Proposed Usage Scenario for CLICK in BER



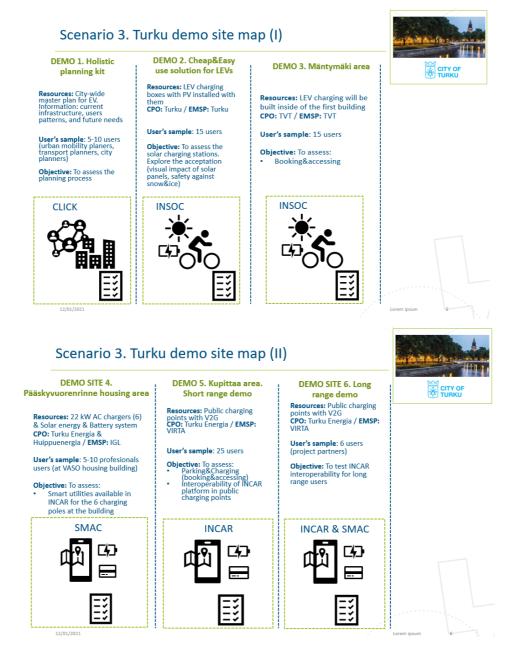
3.3 Proposed Usage Scenarios for Turku (TUR)

On Wednesday 9th of December we performed the workshop with TUR's team. The workshop was leaded by IBV, with the participation of CLICK-INSOC-INDUCAR-INSOC&SMAC product leaders (VMZ-ENELX-IPT-ETRA).

Figure 14 presents the initial description for the Usage Scenarios of USER-CHI products in Turku. There is a total number of six Usage Scenarios, conceived as demonstration sites to test three USER-CHI products: INCAR&SMAC (short range and long range), INSOC and CLICK. Following a similar methodology to that one described in section 3.1, we generated the following proposed scenarios.



Figure 14: Initial Usage Scenario description for TUR

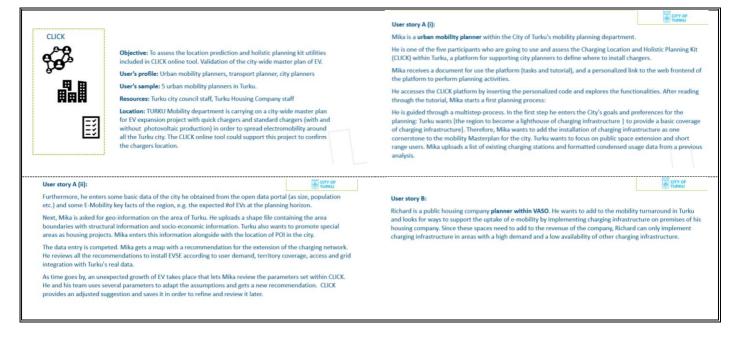


CLICK

Table 13 presents the proposed Usage Scenario to demonstrate CLICK in TUR. This scenario is created around the idea of employing CLICK to support the city-wide master plan for EV expansion that TURKU Mobility department is carrying on.



Table 13: Proposed Usage Scenarios for CLICK in TUR



INSOC

Table 14 presents the proposed Usage Scenario to demonstrate INSOC in TUR. This scenario is created around the idea of testing the solar charging station by private e- riders and e-bikes sharing users in two city locations. The scenario also includes the availability of a theft-proof and covered charging station for e-bikes, equipped with PV (photovoltaic) panels.

Table 14: Proposed Usage Scenario for INSOC in TUR



Objective: To analyse the efficiency and utilities of Solar DC-Charging for LEV (e-bikes). Explore the acceptation of solar panels in the public space, integrating onsite production of renewable energy, the theft-proof parking and the safety against snowkice.

User's profile: private e-bike users User's sample: 25 users (private e-bikers & e-bikes sharing users).

Resources: A theft-proof and covered parking for e-bike equipped with solar panels for renewable energy production. A fleet of e-bikes ready for charge with solar DC energy in the theft-proof and covered parking. Hardware facilities and software interface. Location: TURKU can offer 2 possible locations for the demonstration

User story (i):

Matilda goes daily on an electric kick-scooter to the university and rents a vehicle when she needs it (a car or a motorcycle), preferably electric.

Turku has started a campaign to **promote the use of e-bikes** during three months, and she is interested on it, as she is considering to change the e-kick-scooter by an e-bike.

Matilda receives a link with all the information related to INSOC: Integrated Solar-DC charging for LEVs. The link includes the description of the low-power DC-charging solution, antitheft-proof covered parking system, payment and billing service and the use conditions. Besides this, she has a contact with the person of Turku that lead the INSOC study. At the time Matilda finishes the use of the INSOC, she will receive a call to perform an interview.

Matilda goes daily to the TURKU offices with the e-bike and, when she arrives there, she notices that the e-bike needs recharging, so she goes to the charge point installed by TURKU in the bike parking lot. Maria follows the usage procedure that appears graphically on the point, leaving the e-bike on charge, and he goes to her class. When he comes back to collect the e-bike, it continues securely parked.



User story (ii):

During class time it was snowy, but since the parking space was covered the bike has not gotten wet. It's very cold, Matilda wants to propose that part of the energy produced were used to maintain a minimum comfort temperature.

After the use, Matilda makes an appointment with the person in charge of the studio for a telephone interview. Maria tells her opinion and how has been the process of use. They talk about the aesthetics of the solar panels and the contact person asks him if she can use once more the e-bike, recording the process and reporting comments. Matilda will do it tomorrow and will send the video by email.

At the end, the demo site must be able to provide 50 successful stories like this.

SMAC

Table 15 presents the proposed Usage Scenario to demonstrate SMAC in TUR. This scenario is created around the idea of testing SMAC utilities in the chargers of a residential building, by professionals. The building is equipped with 6 AC chargers, PV panels and a system to storage electricity (battery).

Table 15: Proposed Usage Scenario for SMAC in TUR

		CITY OF TURKU	Contraction of the second seco		
			User story (i):		
SMAC			Anne is a charging point' manager in Turku Energia.		
-	SMAC – Use of the Smart e-Mobility Dashboards* Objective: To analyse smart grid integration services, RES electricity s	supply reduction	She is one of the five-ten people participating in SMAC assessment, a tool including smart grid integration services, RES electricity supply, reduction of grid impact and demand management.		
ជារំ	of grid impact and demand management. Validate service configurat time and historic information for the management of the e-mobility.	ion. Display real	Anne is managing the six smart charging station located in the VASO housing building, in the area of Pääskyvuorenrinne.		
	User's profile: CP managers and EMSP managers User's sample: 5-10 technical managers in Turku charging point netw Resources: 22 kW AC chargers (6) & Solar energy & Battery system	vork.	She is now exploring the Smart Charging features in order to offer both the maximum power and the high-quality level in this charging stations. At night, the charging stations should offer long period of charge at medium or low power, and just the opposite during the day: short period of charge at high power.		
	CPO: Turku Energia ESMP: IGL	With SMAC tool, she is able to define the restrictions and the required level of service for each charging point considering the user preferences (charge as fast as possible, as cheap as possible, 80% battery in 3 hours, in 8 hours). She will receive from SMAC the charging profile for each user when he books the point.			
<u>=</u>			Anne receives a document to use the SMAC tool (tasks and tutorial), and one link to perform assessment activities. Secondly, she explores the CPO dashboards: statistics, series, data access,		
		TURKU			
User story (ii):					
electromobility. In ord	ceives a City of Turku requirement asking for information related to perfo ler to answer the requirement, she employs the INCAR utilities for profes essment/validation, see the section below).				
utility, ease to use, sat She really likes the inf	After the use of SMAC, a validation screen is activated and Anne answers the asked metrics (related to utility, ease to use, satisfaction and promote intention). Finally, Anne answer an online questionnaire. She really likes the information and the settings functions for CPOs, but she doesn't find out how to filter the data and to export it for exploitation.				
At the end, the demo	site must be able to provide 5-10 successful stories like this.				

INCAR

Table 16 shows the proposed Usage Scenario to demonstrate INCAR in TUR. This scenario is created around the idea of testing the interoperability of the INCAR platform, by employing the public chargers installed in the Kupitta area. Users participating in this demonstration tests will be private e-drivers, having electromobility contracts with different local providers.

On the other hand, Table 17 presents the Usage Scenario created to demonstrate INCAR in TUR, when the platform is employed to charge an EV in long range displacements. This scenario



intends to demonstrate interoperability clearly showing that professional drivers (taxi-drivers or logistics company drivers) with an EMSP contract from another city of the USER-CHI consortium (e.g. Rome), are able to charge their EVs in Turku by using the INCAR platform.

Table 16: Proposed Usage Scenario for INCAR (short range) in TUR

		CITY OF TURKU		CITY OF TURKU
	l		User story (i):	
	 Objective: To analyse the interoperability between CPOs. Explore the according to user group. Validate service customization. Improve avail CPOs. To assess parking&charging tasks and smarts utilities. User's profile: Private e-drivers User's sample: 25 private e-drivers (selected from the data bases of the participating in the tests). Resources: Public charging points (AC/DC) in Kupittaa area, INCAR pla INCAR app. CPO: Turku Energia ESMP: VIRTA **Another ESMP and CPO, located in other USER-CHI city and integrat INCAR platform must be involved in the test. 	ability of ne EMSPs tform and	Aino lives in Turku (VASO housing building, Pääskyvuorenrinne area) and her boyfriend Leo I Kupitta area. During weekends, she uses to go with her e-car to Leo's home and she needs vehicle. She received the invitation from TURKU to participate in INCAR app validation. She will parti a IGL account, in order to charge at Kupitta's Turku Energia charging points. She accepted b committed with the promotion of electromobility in her city. Aino download the INCAR app, available in Google Play, insert the code provided by TURKU use with IGL account. The first day she explores all functionalities of the app. Aino compares navigator with the one she usually employs. The second day, she books one pole in Pääskyvuorenrinne housing area, accesses, parks and this location. That recharge is accounted to her IGL account and she will pay it at the end of	to charge her icipate using ecause she is and start the s the INCAR d charges in
questionnaire relate The third day, Aino c questionnaire. As an additional acti Aino select the men During the weekend whole information o the previous menu, points and the appli section below). Fina the service accordin The last day, Aino pe collaboration ends h At the end, the dem	se of INCAR app, a validation screen is activated and Aino answer some que d to utility, ease to use, satisfaction and use promotion). reates her user profile. When the profile is created, Aino is invited to fulfil wity, Aino explores different charging points in Kupittaa area using the filte u option to display (map/list) charging stations close to her location. , Aino selects the pole which is closer to her location in Kupittaa area, but f the charging point is displayed, she observes that it is occupied. She con but in this case she sets searching parameters in order to show available cl cation display different options, related to INCAR assessment/validation (ly she charges the car in a public charging point managed by VIRTA, so she g to the IGL fares. erforms a telephone interview and an online questionnaire. It's a bit long b ere. She just hopes to see improvements in the charging network. o site must be able to provide 25 successful stories like that demonstrating ääskyvuorenrinne and Kupittaa areas.	a new r function. when the es back to narging see the will pay ut the		

Table 17: Proposed Usage Scenario for INCAR (long range) in TUR

	CITY OF TURKU		TURKU
		User story:	
		Johannes is a e-taxi driver, he works in the Turku metropolitan area.	
INCAR	Objective: To analyze the interoperability between CPOs. Explore the utilities	He received the invitation from TURKU to participate in INCAR app validation. He will particip public charging points with a Rome ESMP account. He accepted, because usually he charges TURKU charging network.	
	according to user group. Validate service customization. Improve availability of CPOs.	Johannes download the INCAR app, available in Google Play, insert the code provided by TUI with a Rome ESMP account. The first day he explore all functionalities of the app. Johannes on navigator with the one he usually employs.	
	User's profile: professional e-drivers (taxi drivers, delivery services, after sales services). User's sample: 6 professionals e-drivers / private e drivers.	The second day, he books one point in TURKU network, access and charge in this location. Th accounted to his Rome account and he will pay it at the end of the month. As Johannes is a F will pay the service according to the Rome EMSP fares.	
	Resources: Public charging points (AC/DC) in Kupittaa area, INCAR platform and INCAR app.	This day, after the use of INCAR app, a validation screen is activated and Johannes answer so questionnaire related to utility, ease to use, satisfaction and use promotion).	me questions (a
ΞIJ	CPO: Turku Energia ESMP: VIRTA & Roma mobilità	The third day, Johannes creates his user profile and explores different charging points using When the profile is created, Johannes is invited to fulfill a new questionnaire.	he filter functio
		The last day, Johannes performs a telephone interview and an online questionnaire. It's a bit collaboration ends here. He just hopes to see improvements in the charging network.	long but the
		At the end, the demo site must be able to provide 6 successful stories like that demonstratin	g the interopera



3.4 Proposed Usage Scenarios for Rome (RSM)

On Thursday 10th of December we performed the workshop with RSM's team. The workshop was leaded by IBV, with the participation of CLICK-INSOC-INDUCAR-INSOC&SMAC product leaders (VMZ-ENELX-IPT-ETRA).

Figure 15: Initial Usage Scenario description for RSM

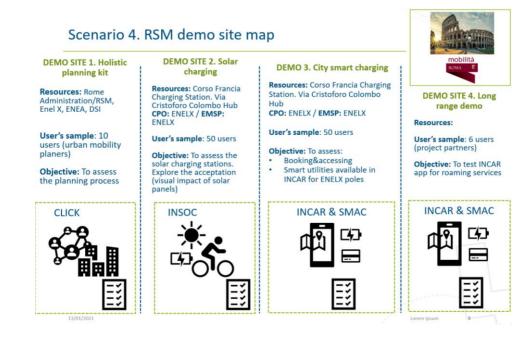


Figure 15 presents the initial description for the Usage Scenarios of USER-CHI products in Rome. There is a total number of four Usage Scenarios, conceived as demonstration sites to test three USER-CHI products: CLICK, INSOC and INCAR&SMAC (short range and long range). Following a similar methodology to that one described in section 3.1, we generated the following proposed scenarios.

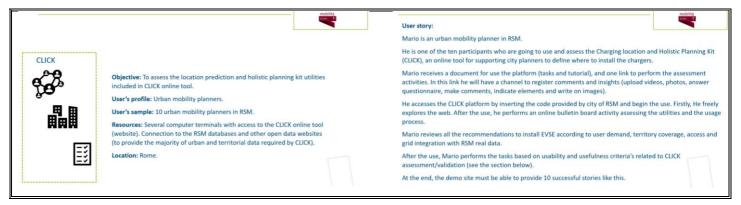
CLICK

Table 18 presents the proposed Usage Scenario to demonstrate CLICK in Rome. This scenario is created around the idea of testing CLICK by urban mobility planners, who work in Rome council. CLICK will employ local available data to generate results adapted to city needs and requirements.

······



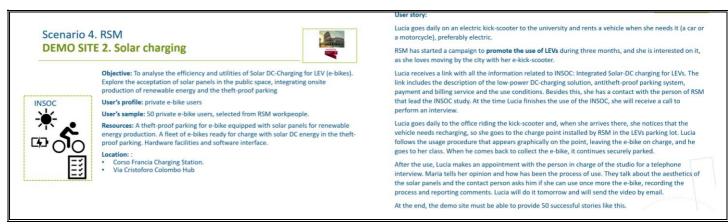
Table 18: Proposed Usage Scenario for CLICK in RSM



INSOC

Table 19 presents the proposed Usage Scenario to demonstrate INSOC in RSM. This scenario is created around the idea of testing the solar charging station by private e-riders, selected from RSM workpeople. The scenario also includes the availability of a theft-proof and covered charging station for e-bikes, equipped with PV (photovoltaic) panels, installed in Corso Francia charging station and Via Cristoforo Colombo hub.

Table 19: Proposed Usage Scenario for INSOC in RSM



SMAC

Table 20 presents the proposed Usage Scenario to demonstrate SMAC in RSM. This scenario is created around the idea of testing SMAC utilities in the chargers of Corso Francia charging station and Via Cristoforo Colombo hub, by professionals. It is expected that the professionals who participate in test are charging points managers and charging points technicians.



Table 20: Proposed Usage Scenario for SMAC in RSM



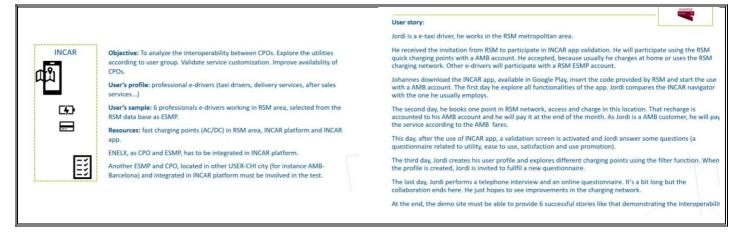
INCAR

Table 21 presents the Usage Scenario created to demonstrate INCAR in RSM, when the platform is employed to charge an EV in long range displacements. This scenario intends to demonstrate interoperability clearly showing that professional users with an EMSP contract from another city of the USER-CHI consortium (e.g. Barcelona), are able to charge their EVs in Rome by using the INCAR platform.

Regarding the demonstration of INCAR platform's interoperability in the short range, it is required the participation of two local electromobility suppliers. This situation was not clear in the case of RSM, so during the workshop we were not able to create a proposed Usage Scenario for INCAR in the short range.



Table 21: Proposed Usage Scenario for INCAR long range in RSM



3.5 Proposed Usage Scenarios for Budapest (BUD)

On Friday 11th of December we performed the workshop with BUD's team. The workshop was leaded by IBV, with the participation of CLICK-INSOC-INDUCAR-INSOC&SMAC product leaders (VMZ-ENELX-IPT-ETRA).

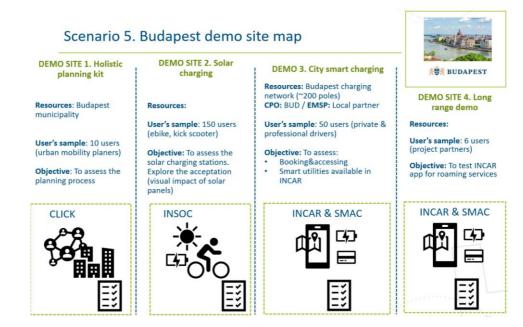


Figure 16 presents the initial description for the Usage Scenarios of USER-CHI products in Budapest. There is a total number of four Usage Scenarios, conceived as demonstration sites to test three USER-CHI products: CLICK, INSOC and INCAR&SMAC (short range and long range).

Figure 16: Initial Usage Scenario description for BUD



Following a similar methodology to that one described in section 3.1, we generated the following proposed scenarios.

CLICK

Table 22 presents the proposed Usage Scenario to demonstrate CLICK in Budapest. This scenario is created around the idea of testing CLICK by urban mobility planners, who work in Budapest council. CLICK will employ local available data to generate results adapted to city needs and requirements.

Table 22: Proposed Usage Scenario for CLICK in BUD

	BUDAPEST	User story:	EST
		Mateo is an urban mobility planner in Budapest.	
CLICK		He is one of the ten participants who are going to use and assess the Charging location and Holistic Plannin (CLICK), an online tool for supporting city planners to define where to install the chargers.	ng Kit
	Objective: To assess the location prediction and holistic planning kit utilities included in CLICK online tool.	Mateo receives a document for use the platform (tasks and tutorial), and one link to perform the assessment	
	User's profile: Urban mobility planners.	activities. In this link he will have a channel to register comments and insights (upload videos, photos, answ questionnaire, make comments, indicate elements and write on images).	ver
	User's sample: 5 urban mobility planners in Budapest.	He accesses the CLICK platform by inserting the code provided by city of Budapest and begin the use. Firstly	y, He
	Resources: Several computer terminals with access to the CLICK online tool (website). Connection to the Budapest databases and other open data	freely explores the web. After the use, he performs an online bulletin board activity assessing the utilities a usage process.	and th
	websites (to provide the majority of urban and territorial data required by CLICK).	Mateo reviews all the recommendations to install EVSE according to user demand, territory coverage, acces grid integration with Budapest real data.	iss an
	Location: Budapest.	After the use, Mateo performs the tasks based on usability and usefulness criteria's related to CLICK assessment/validation (see the section below).	
		At the end, the demo site must be able to provide 5 successful stories like this.	

INSOC

Table 23 presents the proposed Usage Scenario to demonstrate INSOC in BUD. This scenario is created around the idea of testing the solar charging station by private e-riders. The scenario also includes the availability of a theft-proof and covered charging station for e-bikes, equipped with PV (photovoltaic) panels, although its location is not yet defined.

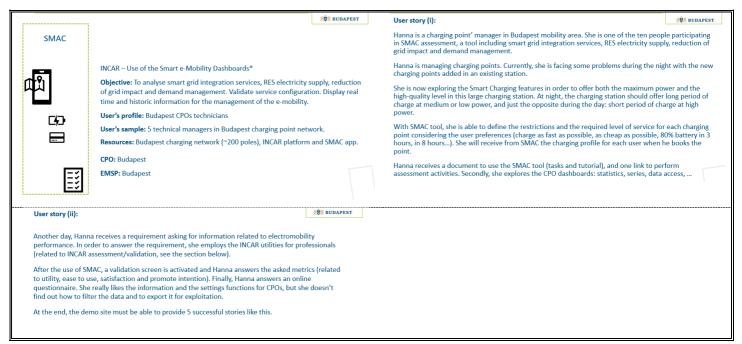
Table 23: Proposed Usage Scenario for INSOC in BUD

	《卷示 BUDAPEST	User story:
		Nora goes daily on an electric kick-scooter to the university and rents a vehicle when she needs it (a car or a motorcycle), preferably electric.
ISOC	Objective: To analyse the efficiency and utilities of Solar DC-Charging for LEV. Explore the acceptation of solar panels in the public space, integrating onsite production of	Budapest has started a campaign to promote the use of LEVs during three months, and she is interested on it, as she loves moving by the city with her e-kick-scooter.
* . ™ ́ ≣	renewable energy and the theft-proof parking User's profile: 150 LEV users (e-bike, e-kick scooter) User's sample: 150 e-bike and e-kick scooter users, selected from Budapest Resources: A theft-proof parking for e-bike equipped with solar panels for renewable	Nora receives a link with all the information related to INSOC: Integrated Solar-DC charging for LEVs. The link includes the description of the low-power DC-charging solution, antitheft-proof parking system, payment and billing service and the use conditions. Besides this, she has a contact with the person of Budapest that lead the INSOC study. At the time Nora finishes the use of the INSOC, she will receive a call to perform an interview.
	 energy production. A fleet of e-bikes ready for charge with solar DC energy in the theft-proof parking. Hardware facilities and software interface. Location: : x00000000 	Nora goes daily to the university riding the kick-scooter and, when she arrives there, she notices that the vehicle needs recharging, so she goes to the charge point installed by Budapest in the EVs parking lot. Nora follows the usage procedure that appears graphically on the point, leaving the e-scooter on charge, and he goes to her class. When he comes back to collect the e-scooter, it continues securely parked.
		After the use, Nora makes an appointment with the person in charge of the studio for a telephone interview. Nora tells her opinion and how has been the process of use. They talk about the aesthetics of the solar panels and the contact person asks him if she can use once more the e-scooter, recording the process and reporting comments. Nora will do it tomorrow and will send the video by email.
		At the end, the demo site must be able to provide 150 successful stories like this.



Table 24 presents the proposed Usage Scenario to demonstrate SMAC in BUD. This scenario is created around the idea of testing SMAC utilities in the local charging network, by professionals. It is expected that the professionals who participate in test are charging points managers and charging points technicians.

Table 24: Proposed Usage Scenario for SMAC in BUD



INCAR

Table 25 shows the proposed Usage Scenario to demonstrate INCAR in BUD. This scenario is created around the idea of testing the interoperability of the INCAR platform, by employing the Budapest charging network. Users participating in this demonstration tests will be private e-drivers and professional drivers, that charge their EVs without being subscribed to any electromobility service (Ad-hoc charging).

On the other hand, Table 26 presents the Usage Scenario created to demonstrate INCAR in BUD, when the platform is employed to charge an EV in long range displacements. This scenario intends to demonstrate interoperability clearly showing that professional users with an EMSP contract from another city of the USER-CHI consortium (e.g. Rome), are able to charge their EVs in Budapest by using the INCAR platform.



Table 25: Proposed Usage Scenario for INCAR short range in BUD

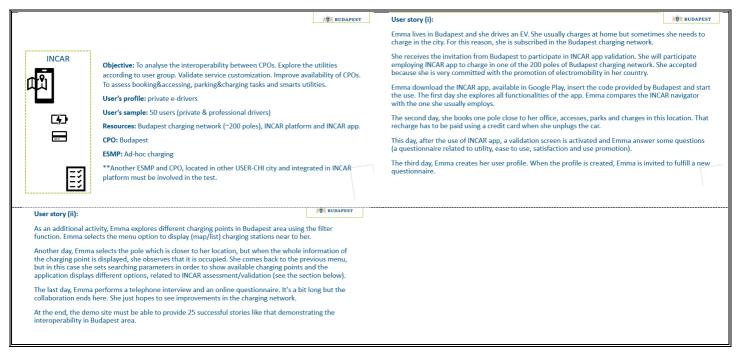


Table 26: Proposed Usage Scenario for INCAR long range in BUD

	☆ ⑦ BUDAPEST	User story:		
		Peter is a e-taxi driver, he works in the Budapest metropolitan area.		
INCAR	Objective: To analyze the interoperability between CPOs. Explore the utilities according to user group. Validate service customization. Improve availability of CPOs. User's profile: professional e-drivers (taxi drivers, delivery services, after sales services) User's sample: 6 professionals e-drivers working in Budapest area, selected	He received the invitation from Budapest to participate in INCAR app validation. He will participate using the Budapest quick charging points with a Berlin account. He accepted, because usually he charges at home or uses the Budapest charging network. Other e-drivers will participate with a Budapest ESMP account.		
TT PI		Peter download the INCAR app, available in Google Play, insert the code provided by Budapest and start the us		
		with a Berlin account. The first day he explore all functionalities of the app. Peter compares the INCAR navigator with the one he usually employs.		
		The second day, he books one point in Budapest network, access and charge in this location. That recharge is		
	from the Budapest data base as ESMP.	accounted to his Berlin account and he will pay it at the end of the month. As Peter is a Berlin customer, he will pay the service according to the Berlin fares.		
	Resources: fast charging points (AC/DC) in Budapest area, INCAR platform and INCAR app.	This day, after the use of INCAR app, a validation screen is activated and Peter answer some questions (a questionnaire related to utility, ease to use, satisfaction and use promotion).		
	Budapest, as CPO and ESMP, has to be integrated in INCAR platform.	The third day, Peter creates his user profile and explores different charging points using the filter function. W		
	Another ESMP and CPO, located in other USER-CHI city (for instance Berlin-	the profile is created, Peter is invited to fulfil a new questionnaire.		
	Rome) and integrated in INCAR platform must be involved in the test.	The last day, Peter performs a telephone interview and an online questionnaire. It's a bit long but the collaboration ends here. He just hopes to see improvements in the charging network.		
		At the end, the demo site must be able to provide 6 successful stories like that demonstrating the interoperability		



4.Results: updated Usage Scenarios

The updated Usage Scenarios presented in this section are the result of reviewing the Proposed scenarios, mainly by performing three actions:

- Firstly, reorganizing the scenarios using a common numbering, in order to get a clearer vision of all the tests we propose to perform.
- Secondly, reviewing the demonstration scenarios for INCAR&SMAC, considering two basic situations: users having a contract with a local EMSP, and users without any contract. When studying these situations, we noticed that a combination of end users (drivers) and intermediate users (EMSPs and CPOs) is required for each scenario, as interoperability requires information flows between EMSPs and CPOs, that have to be validated by these professionals.
- Thirdly, considering that a more realistic user story is required to demonstrate interoperability in the long range, so consequently we modified all these stories.



Figure 17: Common reference for USER-CHI Usage Scenarios^o



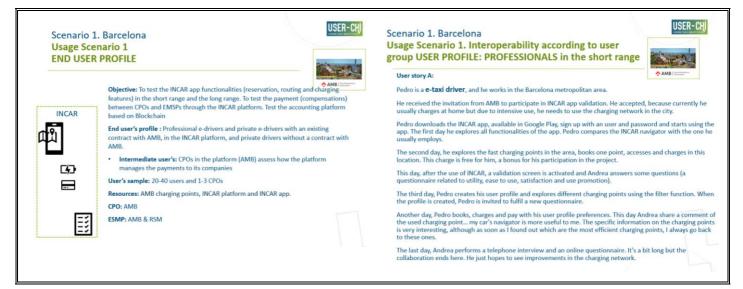
IBV, in close collaboration with ETRA, generated a new version of the Usage Scenarios, that was reviewed and modified by the cities' team, as a previous step to generate the updated versions of the Usage Scenarios presented below.

Figure 17 presents the common numbering adopted to identify all the Usage Scenarios on a unique reference. Finally, we get a total number of 18 Usage Scenarios, distributed in five different demonstration sites.

4.1 AMB's Usage Scenarios (1-4)

In the following tables, the updated Usage Scenarios from 1 to 4, to be deployed in Barcelona metropolitan area (AMB), are presented. The Usage Scenarios are characterized by a basic description, and the user stories of the different participants' profiles.

Table 27: Usage Scenario 1. INCAR&SCMAC demonstration in AMB





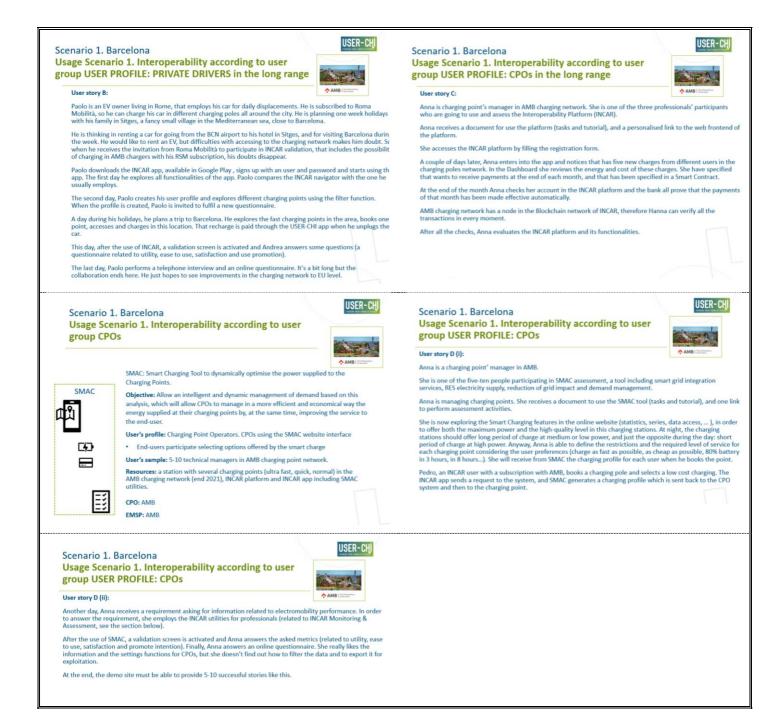




Table 28: Usage Scenario 2. INDUCAR demonstration in AMB

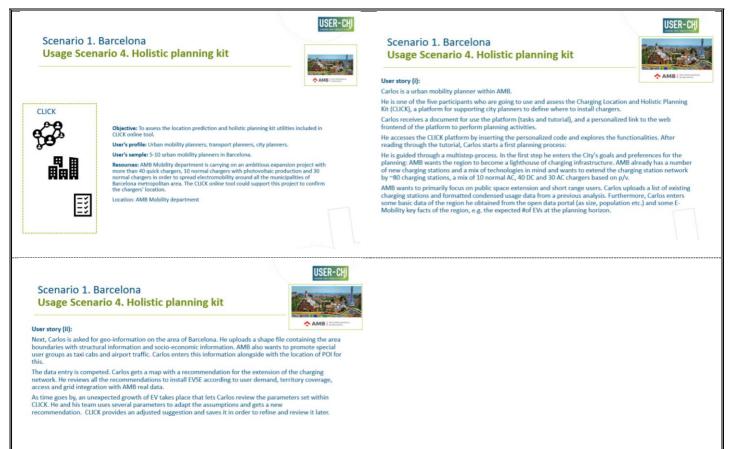
Usage Scenario 2 END USER PROFILE		Scenario 1. Barcelona Usage Scenario 2. Inductive charge efficiency	2
		User story A: Pau is a maintenance technician from AMB.	and and a second se
INDUCAR		Every day he uses the vehicles of AMB fleet to perform maintenance tasks in the city. During the IND demonstration, he will use an inductive charge station based on: high level of automated power tran wireless charging systems, Machine-to-Machine (M2M) communication.	
	Objective: To analyse the inductive charge efficiency through the INDUCAR	Pau receives a link with all the information related to INDUCAR. The vehicle has already been adapte inductive charging.	d for
Resources: 3 parking lots equipped with 3 inde		Besides, he have a contact with the person of AMB that leads the INDUCAR study. When he finishes the INDUCAR system, he will call to him to perform an interview.	the use
	User's sample: 10 technicians of AMB workforce Resources: 3 parking lots equipped with 3 inductive charging points, and 3 retrofitted	Twice a day for a three day period, Pau parks the car in the inductive charging station. When he take he registers the charged power, the delay time to charge start up, right car place on charging unit, ea right placement, the parking time, and his observations about the process.	
	(converted) electric cars ready for inductive charge. Hardware facilities and software interface.	After the use, Pau makes an appointment with the person in charge of the studio for a personal inter tells her his opinion and how has been process of use.	view. P
	CPO: AMB ESMP: AMB	The hardware facilities, the software interface, the efficiency of the inductive charge and how much the fully charge will be studied with the collaboration of the AMB's parking and fleet manager.	time ta

Table 29: Usage Scenario 3. INSOC demonstration in AMB





Table 30: Usage Scenario 4. CLICK demonstration in AMB



4.2 BER's Usage Scenarios (5-6)

In the following tables, the updated Usage Scenarios from 5 to 6, to be deployed in the city of Berlin (BER), are presented. The Usage Scenarios are characterized by a basic description, and the user stories of the different participants' profiles.



Table 31: Usage Scenario 5. INCAR demonstration in BER

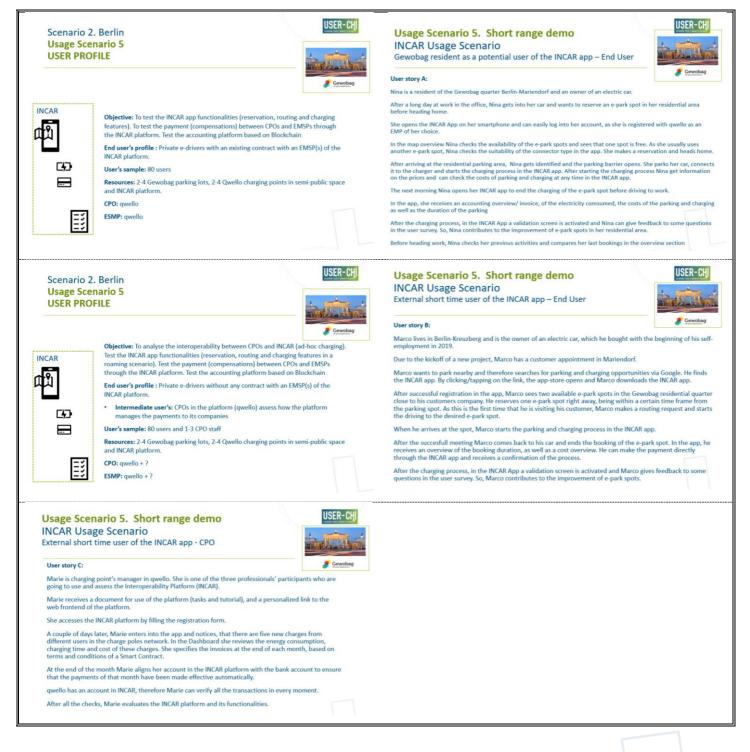




Table 32: Usage Scenario 6. CLICK demonstration in BER



4.3 TUR's Usage Scenarios (7-10)

In the following tables, the updated Usage Scenarios from 7 to 10, to be deployed in the city of Turku (TUR), are presented. The Usage Scenarios are characterized by a basic description, and the user stories of the different participants' profiles.



Table 33: Usage Scenario 7. CLICK demonstration in TUR



Table 34: Usage Scenario 8. INSOC demonstration in TUR

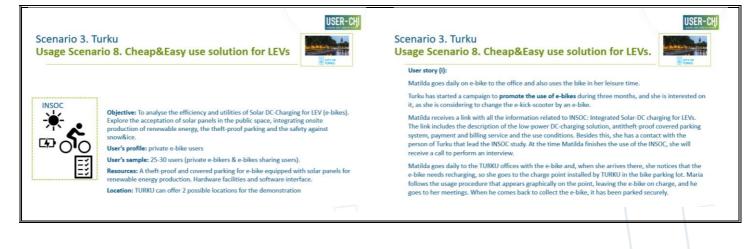






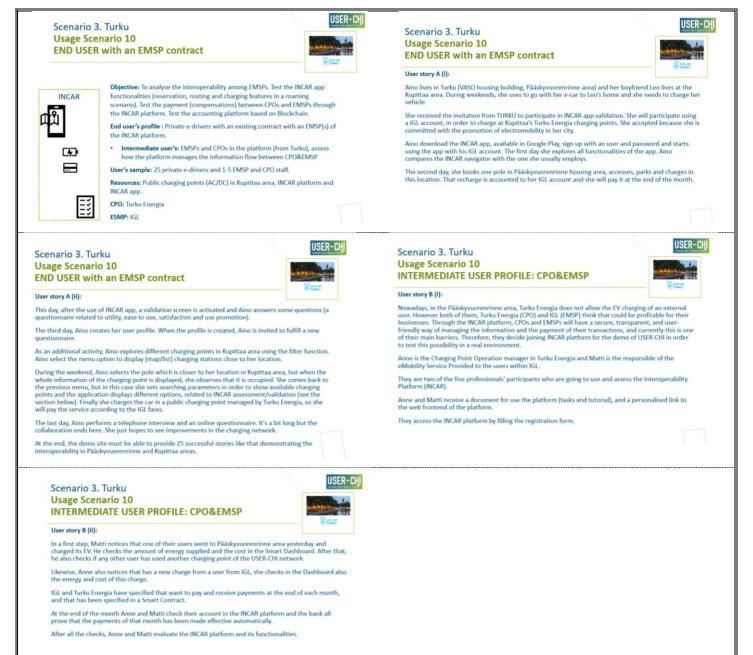
Table 35: Usage Scenario 9. SMAC demonstration in TUR



At the end, the demo site must be able to provide 5-10 successful stories like this.



Table 36: Usage Scenario 10. INCAR demonstration in TUR









4.4 RSM's Usage Scenarios (11-14)

In the following tables, the updated Usage Scenarios from 11 to 14, to be deployed in the city of Rome (RSM), are presented. The Usage Scenarios are characterized by a basic description, and the user stories of the different participants' profiles.

Table 37: Usage Scenario 11. CLICK demonstration in RSM





Table 38: Usage Scenario 12. INSOC demonstration in RSM

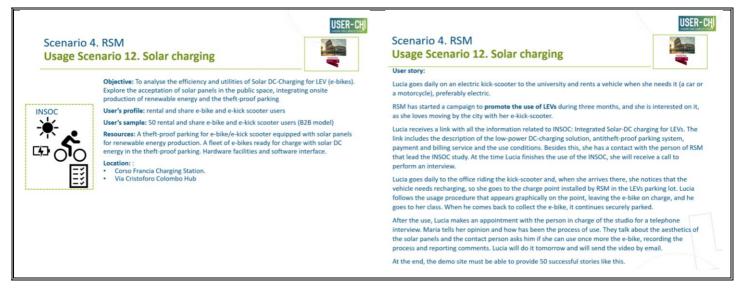


Table 39: Usage Scenario 13. SMAC demonstration in RSM

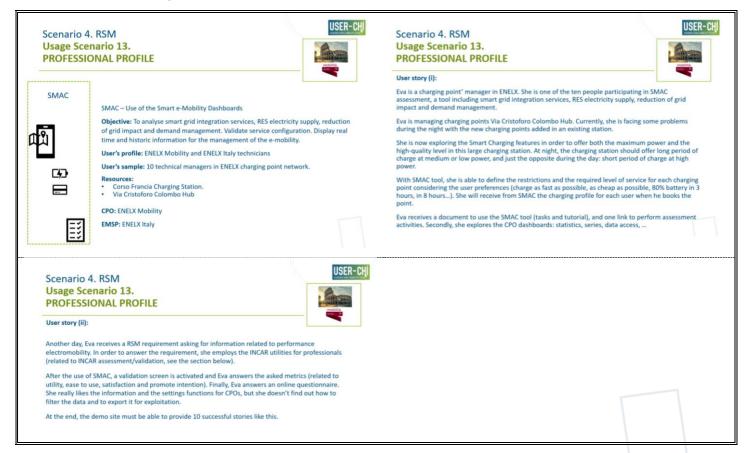
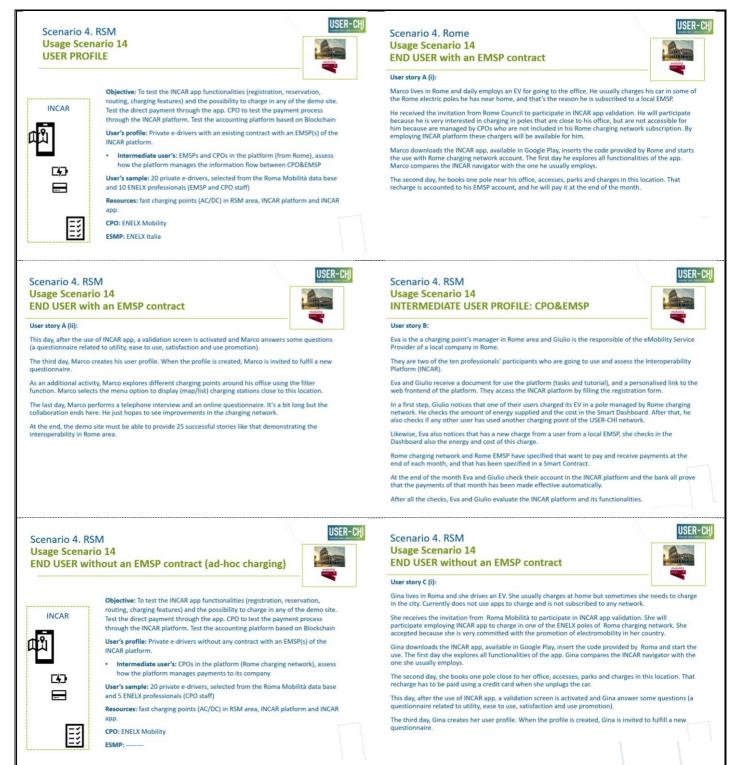
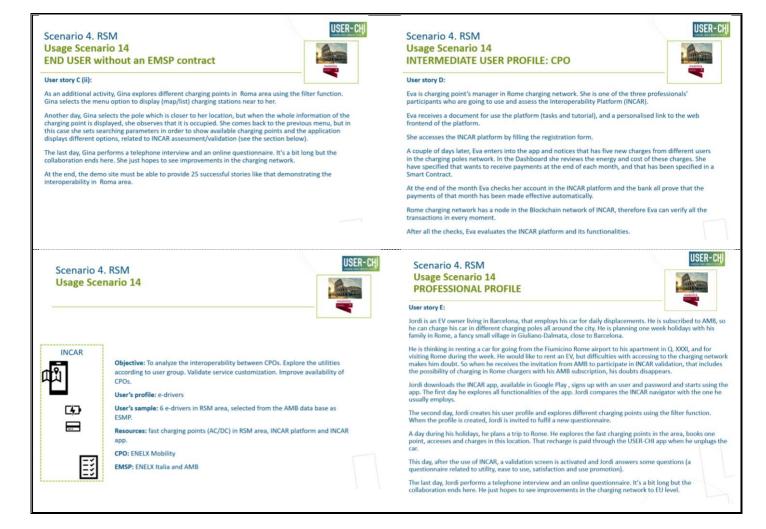




Table 40: Usage Scenario 14. INCAR demonstration in RSM







4.5 BUD's Usage Scenarios (15-18)

In the following tables, the updated Usage Scenarios from 15 to 18, to be deployed in the city of Budapest (BUD), are presented. The Usage Scenarios are characterized by a basic description, and the user stories of the different participants' profiles.



Table 41: Usage Scenario 15. CLICK demonstration in BUD



Table 42: Usage Scenario 16. INSOC demonstration in BUD

Scenario 5. Budapest Usage Scenario 16. Solar charging		Scenario 5. Budapest Usage Scenario 16. Solar charging
INSOC User's profile: LEV users (e-bike, e-kick scooter); private e-bikers & e users. User's sample: 150 users Resources: Two facilities of a theft-proof parking for e-bike equippe	User's profile: LEV users (e-bike, e-kick scooter); private e-bikers & e-bikes sharing users.	User story: Nora goes daily on an electric kick-scooter to the university and rents a vehicle when she needs it (a car a motorcycle), preferably electric. Budapest has started a campaign to promote the use of LEVs during three months, and she is interested on it, as she loves moving by the city with her e-kick-scooter. Nora receives a link with all the information related to INSOC: Integrated Solar-DC charging for LEVs. The link includes the description of the low-power DC-charging solution, antitheft-proof parking system, payment and billing service and the use conditions. Besides withs, she has a contact with the person of
	Location: : • Budapest location 1	payment and billing service and the use conditions, besides this, she has a contact with the person of Budapest that lead the INSOC study. At the time Nora finishes the use of the INSOC, she will receive a cal to perform an interview. Nora goes daily to the university riding the kick-scooter and, when she arrives there, she notices that the vehicle needs recharging, so she goes to the charge point installed by Budapest in the LEVs parking lot. Nora follows the usage procedure that appears graphically on the point, leaving the e-scooter on charge, and he goes to her class. When he comes back to collect the e-scooter, it continues securely parked.
		After the use, Nora makes an appointment with the person in charge of the studio for a telephone interview. Nora tells her opinion and how has been the process of use. They talk about the aesthetics of the solar panels and the contact person asks him if she can use once more the e-scooter, recording the process and reporting comments. Nora will do it tomorrow and will send the video by email.



Table 43: Usage Scenario 17. SMAC demonstration in BUD

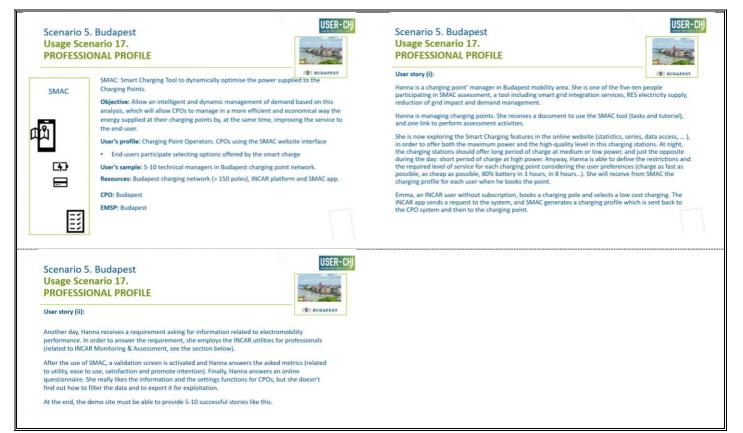
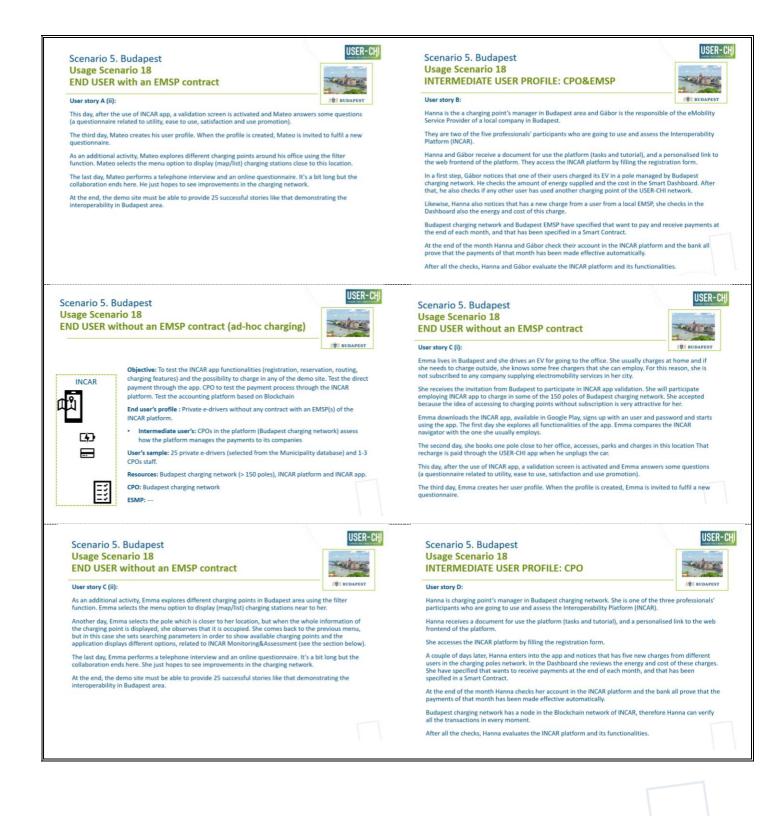


Table 44: Usage Scenario 18. INCAR demonstration in BUD

Scenario 5. Budapest Usage Scenario 18 USER PROFILE	and the second second	Scenario 5. Budapest Usage Scenario 18 END USER with an EMSP contract	
	RUDAPEST	User story A (i): Mateo lives in Budapest and daily employs an EV for going to the office. He	
INCAR Objective: To analyse the interoperability between CF INCAR app functionalities (reservation, routing and ch scenario). Test the payment (compensations) between INCAR platform. Test the accounting platform based of End user's profile : Private e-drivers with an existing of INCAR platform. INCAR platform. • Intermediate user's: EMSPs and CPOs in the platf how the platform manages the information flow bf User's sample: 25 users (private & professional driver Resources: Budapest charging network (> 150 poles), CPO: Budapest charging network ESMP: EMSP at Budapest, included in the INCAR platform	arging features in a roaming CPOs and EMSPs through the n Blockchain ontract with an EMSP(s) of the orm (from Budapest), assess setween CPO&EMSP s) and 1-5 EMSP and CPO staff INCAR platform and INCAR app.	some of the Budapest electric poles he has near home, and that's the reaso EMSP. He received the invitation from Budapest Council to participate in INCAR ap participate because he is very interested in charging in poles that are close t accessible for him because are managed by CPOs who are not included in hi subscription. By employing INCAR platform these chargers will be available to starts the use with Budapest charging network account. The first day he exp app. Mateo compares the INCAR navigator with the one he usually employs The second day, he books one pole near his office, accesses, parks and charg recharge is accounted to his EMSP account, and he will pay it at the end of t	p validation. He will o his office, but are not s Budapest charging network for him. provided by Budapest and lores all functionalities of the ges in this location. That











5.Conclusions

From the information presented in the precedent sections, we derive the following conclusions:

- Usage Scenarios to demonstrate USER-CHI products have been created, according to product leaders' requirements to clearly show the innovations related to project products (product cards), and interests, expectations, capabilities and facilities of the cities that take part in the project demonstration.
- Eighteen (18) Usage Scenarios have been defined (Table 27 to Table 44), covering the project products that have to be demonstrated with end users and intermediate users' participation (CLICK-INSOC-INDUCAR-INCAR&SMAC), and the five cities (Barcelona, Budapest, Berlin, Rome, Turku) where demonstration will be performed.
- The Usage Scenarios' description includes the objective to achieve in the demonstration tests, the profile of the participants, the main city resources to mobilize and the CPOs and EMSPs that participate. In addition, the Usage Scenarios also include user stories describing the main actions to be performed by the participants in order to demonstrate the products.
- The demonstration of INSOC and INDUCAR require the purchase and installation of new facilities by the city councils. CLICK's demonstration will be performed with available facilities, while INCAR&SMAC will be demonstrated by some cities with available facilities, and others will combine available facilities with new ones.
- The number of participants in the different Usage Scenario must be adjusted from now to the starting up of demonstration execution (July 2022, M30 of the project planning), in order to achieve the quantity of users taking part in the demonstration tests, stated in the DoA document.
- The Usage Scenarios presented from Table 27 to Table 44 must be considered as a starting point to design the USER-CHI demonstration tests. These scenarios will change as products to demonstrate advance in its definition and development, new entities are enrolled in the demonstration tests, or relevant aspects to be considered in the demonstration arise. Anyway, we consider that the most critical elements to conform the scenario to test the products are included in the Usage Scenarios presented in section 4 of this report.



Acronyms

Acronym	Meaning
АМВ	Barcelona Metropolitan Area (Spain), demonstration site of USER-CHI project
BER	City of Berlin (Germany), demonstration site of USER-CHI project
BMS	Battery Management System
BUD	City of Budapest (Hungary), demonstration site of USER-CHI project
CLICK	Charging infrastructure Locatlon and HolistiC Planning Kit (product of the project)
СРО	Charging Point Operator
DoA	Description of the Action
EMC	Electro Magnetic Compatibility
EMSP	Electro Mobility Service Provider
EV	Electric Vehicle
ETRA	ETRA I+D (project partner)
FOD	Foreign Object Detection
GA	Grant Agreement
ICT	Information and Communication Technology
LEV	Light Electric Vehicle
MOD	Metal Object Detection
RSM	City of Rome (Italy), demonstration site of USER-CHI project
TUR	City of Turku (Finland), demonstration site of USER-CHI project
USER-CHI	Project Title: innovative solution for USER centric CHarging Infrastructure
VCU	Vehicle Control Unit
VMZ	VMZ Berlin Betreibergesellschaft mbH (project partner)



References

- [1] BØDKER, S. (2000). SCENARIOS IN USER-CENTRED DESIGN-SETTING THE STAGE FOR REFLECTION AND ACTION. INTERACTING WITH COMPUTERS, 13(1):61-75.
- [2] ROSSON, M. B., & CARROLL, J. M. (2009). SCENARIO BASED DESIGN. HUMAN-COMPUTER INTERACTION. BOCA RATON, FL, 145-162.
- [3] WIECHER, C. (2020, OCTOBER). A FEATURE-ORIENTED APPROACH: FROM USAGE SCENARIOS TO AUTOMATED SYSTEM OF SYSTEMS VALIDATION IN THE AUTOMOTIVE DOMAIN. IN PROCEEDINGS OF THE 23RD ACM/IEEE INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON MODEL DRIVEN ENGINEERING LANGUAGES AND SYSTEMS: COMPANION PROCEEDINGS (PP. 1-6).

